His Society

MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1860. NUMBER 105.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN ..... H. H. BRIGHTMAN

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1860

To the Public.

THE SENTINEL, having double the circulation IN THE CITY, and more than treble OUT OF IT, of any other paper here, renders it far the cheapest and most desirable medium in Milwaukee for all classes of Advertisements.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN who consults his own interest, will avail himself of the columns of THE DAILY SENTINEL, especially when he can do so at the same prices charged by other papers, and secure more than double the advantage of circulation.

This is no boast, but EVERY WORD TRUE.

To Mail Subscribers.

THE FIGURES on the Printed Address indicate the time to which you have paid. For instance: 2Ap61, means paid to the 2d of April, 1861. Subscribers will please examine these labels, as by doing so they will be always posted, and, if they wish to, can renew before the time to which they have paid expires, or detect any error we may make in giving credit, and have the same rectified at once.

☞ We stop all subscriptions when the time paid for runs out—and no paper is sent unless the money accompanies the order.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN.

☞ For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page. ☜

News Digest.

In the Senate, yesterday, the nomination of CALHOUN BENHAM, who was implicated in the murder of Senator BRODERICK, as District Attorney of California, was confirmed by a strict party vote—29 to 17—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS *voting in the affirmative!* Comment is unnecessary.

The steamship *Europa* has arrived with foreign advices of the 5th inst. The political news is unimportant. Another decline is reported in breadstuffs

A Subject of Interest.

The attention of our Merchants and Property-holders is especially directed to a communication we publish this morning, with reference to the projected Milwaukee and Northern Illinois Railroad. While we deny the supposition that the general commerce of Milwaukee is in any respect on the wane, we fully concur with the writer in the importance he attaches to this enterprise, and think the subject is one that may well claim the attention of our community. We venture the assertion that the immediate completion of this road would add *twenty five per cent.* to the trade of Milwaukee, and at once restore our lumber business to its former prosperous condition. Shall not a proper effort be made to accomplish so desirable an object?

SLAVERY IN NEW MEXICO.—MR. BINGHAM'S bill, declaring null and avoid all Territorial acts in Mexico, establishing, protecting, or legalizing Slavery there, was carried through the House of Representatives on Thursday, by seven majority, after much factious opposition, thus asserting the Republican principle squarely and emphatically.

SINGULAR AFFAIR.—A woman was arrested by the Police in Boston recently for wearing men's attire, and it was ascertained that her husband, a brutal fellow, had forced her to adopt this dress after pawning all her wardrobe.

A PARSON IN THE WHITEWASHING BUSINESS.—In the New Rochelle *Pioneer* we find an advertisement reading thus: "Whitewashing, washing and wall coloring by the Rev. JOHN TAYLOR," etc.

How Democrats Steal Slaves.

The Boston *Atlas and Bee*, of Wednesday, May 9, states that another fugitive slave came as a passenger to that city by the *S. R. Spaulding*, which brought the Democratic delegation from Charleston. The *Atlas* says his name is Norris; he is about 35 years old, is decidedly African, and belongs to the estate of Thomas Dixon, of Georgia, of Mason & Dixon's line fame. He was second engineer on a tow boat running between Savannah and the River Tiber, South Carolina. He was regarded as a good hand, reliable, safe and all that, and had performed a great amount of hard labor for his master. Norris looks as though he could do much service yet, even in a northern atmosphere, where he proposes to spend a few years or more, having taken his liberty in his own hands. Though not so bright looking as some negroes we have seen, he is yet sufficiently smart to have successfully played a card or two that will not be thought so bad.

The tow-boat, it seems, had extended somewhat its regular trip and visited Charleston, in the harbor of which city it remained for a while. Norris, no doubt, had the freedom of the city after a fashion. He appears to have made a practical use of the privilege extended to him. It is pretty certain that he went on board the Spaulding several times—that as a boatman he was a sort of boon companion with the crew and hands for the time; that he concluded to take passage, and finally that he did take passage. It seems that he got a good position on board, (in the fore part,) that he was not discovered, and that he arrived in Boston without putting the captain or any body else either to the trouble or expense of stopping other vessels bound South or elsewhere. For his quiet conduct he is to be commended, and his example should not be forgotten by those who in the future take passage, under similar circumstances, from a Southern port. Immediately on stepping ashore he went to one of the depots of the Underground Railroad, and was at once forwarded to Canada.

THE DOCTORS DISAGREE.—The Hartford *Times* quotes the resolution which the Tennessee delegates introduced into the Charleston Convention, and which substantially affirms that by the decision of the Supreme Court Slavery may go into the Territories in spite of Congress or Territorial Legislatures, and then adds:

"Any true Democrat or State Rights man can object to this; and we hope its passage may not be delayed an an hour after the Convention gets fairly at work at Baltimore. The late caucuses in Connecticut was conducted on these principles."

But the Providence *Post* does not see any use in thus "meddling with judicial questions." Is Democracy in Connecticut so different from Democracy in Rhode Island?

WONDERFUL FECUNDITY OF A COW.—A perfectly reliable correspondent at Lachute writes to the Montreal *Gazette:*

"There is a present a cow in Lachute, owned by Thomas Marrison, Esq., which gave birth to four calves on the 12th March, 1860, now making twenty-five calves since 1851. She has had three times three calves at a birth. Three times four at a birth. Once two, and twice one, making alone since 1851 a total of twenty-five.

"This statement may appear wonderful, but if any one doubts the truth of it, let him come here and ascertain for himself, and if it is not all truth his expenses shall be paid back."

SAD ACCIDENT.—Just as we go to press we are informed by Mr. Bridge, of Jefferson, that this (Tuesday) morning he discovered, two miles south of this village, a young man named Asher Grant, of Clarno, crushed in a horrible manner by a tree that had fallen upon him, and life extinct. He was twenty feet from the stump and appeared to be running from it when the tree fell upon him as stated above.—*Monroe (Green Co.) Sentinel.*

Another Fraudulent Operation.

NEW YORK, May 15—3 P. M

Marshal Rynders, in company with his deputies, paid a visit to Wall street, for the purpose of arresting a brace of operators, who were charged with forging names on the pension office, with intent to defraud the United States. The parties implicated in the forgery are Silden Braidard, a broker in Wall street, and Joseph Lawrence, an attorney-at law and notary public. It is supposed that their operations in the way of forged land warrants for soldiers, and sailors' bounty and pension claims, will reach the amount of $500,000.—Commissioner Bellis ordered them to be held to bail in the sum of $2,000 each.

Capture of a Slaver with Five Hundred and Twenty Negroes on Board—How it was Done—Appearance of the Cargo.

Correspondence of the Herald.

The Mohawk sailed from Key West on the 9th of April on a cruise off the eastern end of the Island of Cuba. She steamed and sailed about the barren keys of the Bahamas, occasionally landing and procuring supplies of fish and turtle. She also visited the Lobos Keys, and had had two or three exciting chases after suspicious crafts. On the 25th, when, discovering a sail in the offing heading for the land, she cast off the brig and made chase.

There being no wind, the sail, which proved to be a bark, was speedily approached. She was evidently an American built vessel, but having no name upon her stern, she was requested to show her colors, in response to which the American flag was hoisted. As the Mohawk ranged alongside, men were observed at work in the rigging, others about the decks—a few in number—while the captain and his officers coolly leaned upon the rail observing the steamer's movements. She did not look the slaver, but from force of habit, with a spice of curiosity, Capt. Craven ordered Lieut. Carpenter to board her. As the boat approached the vessel, it was observed that no rope was thrown out, and it was evident that the visit was not agreeable.

The lieutenant, unassisted, boarded the vessel, and was no sooner on her bulwarks than he waved his sword, and the men in the boat raised a shout, a signal that she was a slaver and a prize. The moment that the slaves, who had just been driven below, caught sight of the officer's uniform (the hatches were covered with gratings only) they sang and clapped their hands with joy. They instinctively knew that their deliverers were at hand.

The vessel was at once taken possession of by Capt. Craven, a prize crew put on board, the officers and crew transferred to the Mohawk, and the bark taken in tow. The Mohawk then headed for the Florida Keys.

The bark proved to be the Wildfire, a handsome clipper of 337 tons, built in Philadelphia in 1855. This cargo consists of children and young men and women, the majority being from twelve to sixteen years of age. They are in a remarkably sound and healthy condition; few cargoes come over in better order than this. The negroes, since their transfer to the shore, seem happy and contented. The sick in hospital are getting well under the kind treatment they are receiving.

The United States Marshal, who has charge of the negroes, has placed them in hastily constructed, but comfortable sheds, built expressly for them upon Whitehead Point, a portion of the land purchased for Fort Taylor, but half a mile distant from the fortification.

The crew of the slaver have been before the United States Commissioner and committed to jail.

The negroes seem to be perfectly happy and contented, and are singing, clapping their hands and dancing their country dances, at stated intervals during the day. They are visited daily by the white population. This encampment, in fact, is the only attraction on the Key; and it is worth a voyage of a thousand miles to see them. The women are, some of them, most attractive in person; they are generally clean, are but slightly tattooed, and have by no means the repulsive looks and manners of our native slave population.—They exhibit marked signs of affection for each other, and are perfectly overwhelming in their fondness with the white children of the Key.

THE GREAT BANK FRAUD IN LONDON.—By the Asia we learn that the frauds on the Union Bank in London, by Pullinger, the Cashier, attracted much attention. A subordinate cashier, named Edward J Littleton, had also been arrested, a deficiency of £1,—240 have been discovered in his accounts.—He attributed the deficiency to Pullinger.

Pullinger was brought up before the Lord Mayor on the 26th ult., but nothing new was developed, and the prisoner was remanded back for a week.

Rumors of other discoveries of a serious nature had also been current, but they were pronounced without a shadow of foundation. The forged pass book by which the great fraud was effected, it turns out, is not in Pullinger's writing, and every effort was being made to detect the person who assisted him on that point. It is asserted that the misappropriations by Pullinger extended over the entire five years, during which he was chief cashier. There is little doubt that the greater part of the money must have gone to stock exchange speculation, although a number of other channels are reported.—The Stock Exchange Committee had commenced an inquiry into the affair, as it affected the members of the Exchange. Two or three of the brokers who transacted business with Pullinger had surrendered securities, and also money, the proceeds of stocks and shares sold which were considered the propty of Pullinger.

WHAT THE CANADIANS THINK OF "THE BOY."—A subscription having been proposed in Toronto, for the benefit of SAYERS, a correspondent of the Toronto *Times* writes, among other things, as follows:

"Sayers fought well, no doubt. Considering his size, he is a wonderful fellow. But, after all, he came out of the ring second best. For whilst Heenan's injuries were confined to his face, and were overcome in a day or two, Sayer's arm so suffered that, according to the certificate of his own doctors, two months will be required to bring him round. Now I take it that this fact is conclusive. In the ring the battle was drawn. But the superior after-condition of Heenan proves that in reality he came out of the fight the better man.

"As Britons, let us be honest toward Heenan, a stranger, and therefore one specially entitled to fair play. And though in England subscriptions may be gotten up for Sayers, here, in Canada, let us acknowledge the referee's decision, and cease to brag about Sayers, in utter defiance of his own doctor's statement."

WONDERFUL FREAK OF NATURE.—Last Friday Dr. B. B. Clark was called to attend a lady, who was delivered of a *united* pair of twins, of the feminine sex. They are separated below the navel, and perfectly joined above it, breast to breast, their heads (if they may be so called,) are turned a little on one side, forming but one face, with perfect features, except the upper lip is cleft. The back part of the joined heads represents two regularly ossified occipitals, together with all the usual cones of the head; between the occiputs is a double ear. There are eight extremities, four arms and four legs, symmetrical and of proper proportions. Altogether, it is a wonderful curiosity, such as has never been known on this side of the Atlantic before. It is preserved in alcohol, in the office of Drs. Clark and Duncombe, where many of our citizens are daily calling to examine it. Dr. C. informs us the mother is doing well. We are pleased to learn that the parents very properly decided upon the preservation of such a strange phenomenon.—*Racine Adv.*

E PLURIBUS UNUM.—The London *Times*, in a leader, says that if the exodus from Ireland continues, that country will soon become English, and the United States Irish, and that that the new world is the home of the Celtic race.

The new world is the home of all the races. The *Times* may be right in the opinion that Ireland will become English, and that her population will all be found in the United States in a few years. But that will not make the United States Irish, by "upwards of considerable." There are too many millions of the Saxon race about to justify any such conclusion. And who knows but that, in a few centuries more, the great American race will absorb them all into itself, and the Celt and the Saxon live only in history.

WHERE IS IT NOW?—In one of his speeches during his canvass in Illinois with Mr. Lincoln, Mr. Douglas spoke of

"The great Democratic party, the only Constitutional, Union party of the country, its principles the same, North and South, East and West, &c., &c., &c."

Can anybody tell what has become of this great, Constitutional Union Party, whose principles are so National?

FARMING IN THIS COUNTY.—There has never before been such large crops of all kinds of grain and vegetables put into the ground in this county as are being put in this spring. In our immediate vicinity double the amount will be sown than was last year, and if the season so auspiciously opened proves even an average for the maturing of grain, farmers will come out in the fall in an independent condition.—*Calumet Rep.*

WE have been at some pains to enquire of farmers that call on us, in reference the coming wheat crop, and the universal testimony is that it never looked as promising as it does this spring. The weather, though uncommonly dry, has not yet injured the crop a particle. We may look out for full granaries this fall.—*Janesville Gazette.*

The Lumber Trade.

From the Chicago Press and Tribune.

Probably no branch of commercial industry suffered more severely from the monetary crisis of 1857, and the stagnation which followed it, than the lumber trade; and certainly there are few which have been slower recovering their former vigor. Any resident of our city in 1856 to 1857, who will now take a walk along the various branches of our river, and see the acres of empty yards and docks, and the diminutive looking lumber piles which now and then relieve the eye, will readily appreciate the condition of this trade. And this state of affairs exists, not on account of any diversion in the channels of business, but simply by reason of a genuine reaction. The fact is undeniable that no branch of business was more thoroughly overdone in the flood tides of 1856-57, than the lumber trade. True, there was an immense demand for lumber, in consequence of the rapid growth of new towns and cities all over the Northwest, as well as the improvements which took place in wild lands; but both among manufacturers and dealers, there was a most reckless disposition displayed to increase business, and when the hard times came they felt the shock all the more in consequence.

In the spring of 1859 it was thought by many that the business had settled down to a moderate basis, and that a fair trade would ensue; but the supply proved one hundred millions more than their estimates and expectations, and the few who did not "make a loss" were those who laid quiet and did least. The result was, however, that quite a number of dealers quit the business, and now the trade of 1860 has fairly opened with a reduction of at least 40 per cent. of those engaged in it in 1857.

Within the past year a new and an important feature of this trade has developed itself. Formerly country dealers and farmers were supplied mainly by city dealers, who made contracts and purchases from the manufacturers. But now the trade is carried on to a great extent by the country merchant and the manufacturer, without the intervention of anybody but an inspector. Cargoes arrive in our harbor from the various lumber districts, and are sold to the dealer from the interior, docked and shipped immediately to their destination. Often, it is true, the price paid for the cargo of lumber is higher than the yard prices; but there is no doubt but the result, as a general thing, is more satisfactory to the parties concerned—all things considered. The effect of this change in the aspect of the trade is undoubtedly to drive all but manufacturers out of the business.—Some alteration in the freight charges on green and dry lumber is talked of, which would tend to encourage the trade of mere dealers, but it is doubtful if the matter can be satisfactorily arranged, as there is an "irrepressible conflict" between the two interests in the trade on this subject.

So much for the general aspects of this branch of the trade. We now come to its details. On the 15th of December last, the stock of lumber held in the city by manufacturers and dealers amounted to 118,157,000 feet. The following table shows the comparison for a number of years:

STOCK OF LUMBER ON HAND FOR A SERIES OF YEARS.

	Lumber, feet.
Dec. 15, 1859	118,157,000
Dec. 15, 1858	123,456,000
Dec. 15, 1857	173,476,075
Jan. 15, 1856	225,429,000

The demand for lumber during the first two or three months of the present year was rather limited, and the shipments were consequently light. During the past six weeks, however, the shipments have ranged from four to six millions weekly.

The following table shows the shipments from the 1st of January to to the 1st of May, for a series of years:

LUMBER SHIPPED FROM JAN. 1ST TO MAY 1ST FOR FOUR YEARS.

Years.	Feet.
1860	57,200,000
1859	57,722,923
1858	42,429,031
1857	55,900,000

Of the amount shipped this year, 14,000,000 feet have been sent by canal, and the balance by railroads. The demand for St. Louis is not so active as it was a year ago, and the shipments not nearly as large.

We come now to the supply of lumber. From the 1st of January to the 1st of May the amount of lumber received at this port was 23,847,351 feet. The following table shows the comparison with previous years:

RECEIPTS OF LUMBER FROM JANUARY 1ST TO MAY 1ST FOR FOUR YEARS.

Years.	Feet.
1860	23,847,351
1859	27,600,000
1858	14,619,000
1857	13,800,000

Now, by adding the receipts of lumber to the amount on hand on the 15th of December and deducting therefrom the shipments and the amount used in the city and suburbs, an estimate may be made of how much there is now in the yards, as follows:

	Feet.
Amount of Lumber on hand, December 15, 1859	118 157,000
Receipts from January 1st to May	23,847,351
Total supply	142,004,351
Amount shipped latter half December, 1859	5,000,000
Amount shipped from Jan. 1st to May 1st 1860	57,200,000
Amount used in this city (est.)	15,000,000
	77,200,000
Estimated stock on hand, feet	64,804,351

We have estimated the amount used since the 15th of December last at 1,000,000 per week, which is about 50 per cent. less than the average per week of the whole of last year's consumption. This for Chicago, the largest lumber market in the United States, is considered a small stock, but, as we remarked above, it is not so necessary now as formerly to keep heavy stocks on hand at this season of the year, as the country dealers supply themselves to a considerable extent direct from vessels.

With regard to the supply of lumber during the present season, it is at present a mere matter of conjecture. About four or five weeks ago we collected the statistics of the amount of logs cut in the principal districts which supply our market, and the figures then justified the opinion that there were 100,000,000 feet more in the woods than at the opening of the season in 1859 Since then, however, we have had unusually dry weather, and but a small portion of the logs cut have been got down the various streams. The snow freshets were unusually light, and brought down comparatively few logs. Of course it all depends on the weather. If there is a good June rise in the streams, the manufacturers may get the greater portions of logs, but this is considered very doubtful.

At Saginaw about 100,000,000 feet were cut, and about 75,000,000 has been got down. This is better than at any other place on the lakes. At Green Bay the amount of logs cut amounted to about 95,000,000 feet, but there has been but little chance to bring them down, and it is asserted that more than one-half are yet on the banks. At Muskegon there were cut about 60,000,000 feet, but up to the latest dates only 13,000,000 feet had come down. At Manistee there were cut in the neighborhood of 30,000,000, and about 20,000 000 were deep in water. At White Lake there were 13,000,000 cut, the greater portion of which were got down with the snow freshets. At Traverse Bay, at the opening of the season, it was estimated that about 11,000,000 feet would be got down, but the manufacturers think they will fall short. In the Sauble district about 9,000,000 feet are expected. At two Rivers about 17,000,000 feet were cut, and it was thought that the greater portion would be got down. At Grand River the estimates are placed at about 30,000,000 feet. At Kalamazoo the figures supplied to us foot up 5,000,000 feet, and South Haven 3,000,000 feet. There are besides a large number of smaller points on the east shore of the lake, of which we have received no estimates.

From the Canadian districts of Lake Erie and Georgian Bay, but little lumber is expected here this season. Many of the mills have been stopped, and nearly all now in operation are aiming to supply the East.

In the St. Clair River District it was stated at the beginning of the season that about one hundred and fifty million feet had been cut, but recent accounts from there state that but a small proportion of them were in deep water.

It must be observed, however, that although many places may be short, yet should there be a good demand for lumber during the summer, there are other points where logging can be carried on almost as easily as in winter. All along the east shore of Lake Michigan the woods are traversed by railroads, and as soon as prices justify, gangs of loggers will be set to work and a good supply will ensue. This was the case last year, when, under the impression that this "crop" was short, prices advanced $2a$3 per thousand feet. We would therefore warn dealers and manufacturers against the heretofore fatal policy of relying on a short supply in spring. The forests of Michigan are broad and long, and the question of supply is after all to a great extent one of price.

"HEENAN BUTTER" is the latest novelty down East, so called on account of its being so strong.

THE CITY.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	*Arrive.*	*Mails Close.*
10:15 A. M.	1:15 P. M.	9:00 P.M.
3:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	9:30 A.M.
5:15 A. M. Mixed train to Kenosha.		

MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.

1:30 A. M.	9:30 A. M.	9:00 P.M.
1:55 P. M.	2:30 A. M.	12:30 P.M.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

10:45 A. M.	11:45 A. M.	9:30 A.M.
4:00 P. M.	5:00 A. M.	5:15 P.M.
11:00 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	9:00 P.M.

MILWAUKEE & HORICON.

1:45 A. M.	9:30 A. M.	9:00 P.M.
1:55 P. M.	2:55 P. M.	12:30 P.M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

4:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	8:30 P.M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

5:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	9 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	" P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR COLLINGWOOD.

The Collingwood Line of screw steamers leave one each day—from Bousman's dock, foot of East Water Street, connecting at Collingwood with cars from the East.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations, leave the different transportation docks every day, for Buffalo.

FOR PORT WASHINGTON, &C.

The steamer *Cleveland* leaves Olmsted's dock, every morning at 8 o'clock, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR GREEN BAY.

The screw steamer *Oconto* makes weekly trips to the above port, starting from Olmsted's dock.

Republicans

And others. Do not forget the HALF-FARE and EXTRA TRAIN on the Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad during the CONVENTION in Chicago.

Extra train leaves Milwaukee at 5:30 A. M., and, in return, leaves Chicago at 6 P. M.

Return tickets good for the round trip on any of the trains for sale at the Union office, Wisconsin street, or at the depot. Price $2,50. may15j687d4t.

Grand Pleasure Excursion.

MILWAUKEE, May 14th.

The new and powerful steamship *Milwaukee* will leave Milwaukee Dock, at 5 A. M., on Saturday, the 19th of May, on a pleasure excursion to Grand Haven and Grand Rapids and return. Ample time will be allowed to view the scenery and beauties of Grand Haven and Grand Rapids, and return to Milwaukee in the evening.

FARES.

To Grand Haven and return only - - $2
To Grand Rapids and return only - $3
Children under 12 years of age half-fare.

Tickets can be had at 230 East Water street, TUNIS & CO.'s Periodical Store, Wisconsin street, dock office, or on board steamship. Tickets valid for the day and trip.

For full particulars see hand-bill, as to time.

W. K. MUIR,
General Superintendent.

may15-5t

ARREST.—R. ULMAN was arrested at the Lake Shore R. R. Depot, yesterday, by the Deputy Sheriff of Walworth Co., charged with passing counterfeit money. He was taken to Racine immediately.

PERSONAL.—Miss JENNIE TWITCHELL, formerly of the Old Folks' Concert Troupe, and who fascinated several susceptible young men in this city, was married to a gentleman in Boston the other day.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—Et Furoidis, by the author of the "Lamplighter" and "Mabel Vaughan." The Semi-Detached House, by Lady Theresa Lewis. Marble Faun, by Hawthorn. Mill on the Floss, by the author of "Adam Bede." The Dime Base Ball Player. The Dime Swimmer. Godey's Magazine for June, 1860. Ballou's Magazine for June, 1860. Everything that is new always on hand at

oct27'58dly W. E. TUNIS & CO'S.

ROAD WARRANTS,

JUST PRINTED, with Overseer's Return attached, at this Office. Orders from the country promptly attended to. Address JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN, Publishers of Milwaukee Sentinel.

ap27-3,t-w&wlm

SEND YOUR MAGAZINES, &C., TO THE SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY, AND HAVE THEM BOUND.

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REUNION.

MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

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Milwaukee Feb. 13th, 1860. feb13j217dawly1stpp

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jan21'58dly

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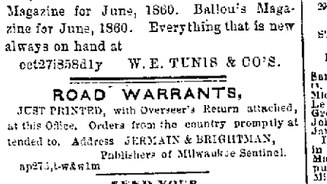
Machinery.

BEST WHEEL

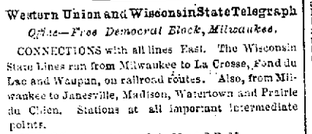


IN THE STATE.

EAGLE STEAM FOUNDRY, WEST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

ap15'57dly

Patterns and Castings,



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IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS

In large or small quantities. Light Machinery and designs in iron and wood will receive particular attention.

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IS NOW FULLY PREPARED TO MANufacture—

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS,

Saw Millsirons of all descriptions, Flour Mill Gearing, Shafting, &c., &c., in short,

Iron Work of all Descriptions,

At short notice and low prices. Iron and Brass Castings. JOB WORK of all descriptions made to order with despatch. Orders solicited.

apr5'57d1y WM. GOODNOW, Agent.

WISCONSIN IRON WORKS CO.

WE BEG TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that we are prepared to do all kinds of Foundry Work and Finishing in the best and cheapest manner. Our stock of Patterns is large: Millgearing of all descriptions; Flouring, Grist, Saw, Corn and Bingler Mill Gearing. Our Cogs and Screws are made for horse or steam power, as may be wanted. Railroad Castings in general. Bend and Screw and all different Plows. We are Mechanics; we do our own work.

W. H. SWEENY,
E. P. ALLIS,
H. J. GERLINGS.

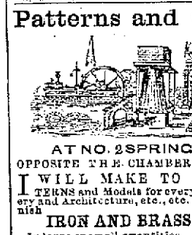
P. S.—All orders addressed to the undersigned, at the old stand of A. J. Langworthy, on the Canal, will receive prompt attention.

nov23'59d1y

F. Y. HORNING'S PLANING AND FLOORING MILL, AND SASH, DOOR AND BLIND FACTORY, at the old stand, east side of Milwaukee river, between Mason and Oneida streets, opposite Worthington & Co.'s Lumber Yard. Seasoned Sash and Doors always on hand and for sale at the lowest cash prices. Also all kinds of Mouldings for sale.

ly12'58d1dly

SCHUMACHER & JOHNSON



MANUFACTURERS of the GREAT WESTERN SAFE POWDER & Burglar-Proof Safes, Vault Doors, etc. All our Safes are provided with our own "No Pins Ultra" Safe and Vault Door Locks, which have no key nor key hole, and consequently cannot be picked nor blown open with powder, besides being put on so as to leave no possible chance for driving them from the doors. ly12'58d1dly

BAYLEY & GREENSLADE HAVE REMOVED THEIR

Iron and Railing Works

—TO—

MAIN STREET,

One Block South Newhall House.

my1j60d1dly

WRIGHT & DAVIS, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, OFFICE in YOUNG'S BLOCK, CORNER of Main and Wisconsin streets, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

F. D. WRIGHT. [late Dist Atty.] H. S. DAVIS.

$20 PER DAY

CAN BE MADE BY SELLING THE Needle Threader. Agents wanted. Address O. E. K., Box 1455, Chicago Ill. my15d2d3t

BUCK BEER,

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 16TH INST., at the Uniform House Saloon, from the Brewery of Goss & Falk, and therefore bear of the best quality. my16j663d1w

NEW BOOKS RECEIVED.—"The Semi-Detached House;" edited by Lady THERESA LEWIS. Boston, TICKNOR & FIELDS. Milwaukee, TUNIS & Co., Wisconsin street.

"Men Who Have Risen," a book for boys; illustrated. New York, W. A. TOWNSEND & Co. Milwaukee, STRICKLAND & Co.

"Mrs. ELLIS' Housekeeping made Easy;" a complete instructor in all branches of cookery and domestic economy. New York, W. A. TOWNSEND & Co. Milwaukee, STRICKLAND & Co.

"Against Wind and Tide," by HOLME LEE, author of "Sylvan Holt's Daughter." New York, TOWNSEND & Co. Milwaukee, STRICKLAND & Co.

THE EXCURSION, SATURDAY.—At 5 o'clock Saturday morning the steamship *Milwaukee*, Captain RICHARDS, will leave the D. & M. dock with (probably) a large party of excursionists from this city for Grand Haven. The opportunity for a day's enjoyment on the Lake, a ride in the cars in Michigan, a sight at the Quarries of Grand Rapids, and a general "good time," was never better, and never so cheap. Only $3,00 to Grand Rapids and return.

FOR BUFFALO AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS—The splendid iper cabin screw steamer *Wenona*, Capt. A. B. CONKEY, leaves the Milwaukee & Mississippi Rail Road dock at 5 P. M., for the above ports, connecting at Mackinac with the steamer *Illinois* for all points on Lake Superior. For passage apply at the office foot of East Water Street.—GRIFFIN & FLINT, Agents.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—A little son of Moses KNEELAND, Esq., was last evening thrown from a horse on Walker's Point Bridge, and his foot becoming entangled in the stirrup, he was dragged some distance before he was released. His injuries, we understand, are serious.

A MEETING OF CITIZENS was held last evening in the Seventh Ward School House to consider the propriety of continuing the High Schools. An earnest desire was manifested to have the High Schools continued.

To-Day's Advertisements.

Choice Duetts for the Violin.

PLETEL'S CELEBRATED INSTRUCTIVE and Progressive Duetts for the Violin.—Price 25 cents. Published by OLIVER DITSON & CO., 277 Washington Street, Boston. For sale by H. N. HEMPSTED. my17j53xdaw1t

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT A LIMITED partnership has been formed by the subscribers under the provisions of chapter 81 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Wisconsin, of which the terms are as follows:

1. The firm name of such limited partnership, and under which it is to be conducted, is Brockhaus & Merkens.

2. The general nature of the business intended to be transacted by such partnership, is a general wholesale and retail hardware business.

3. Gustavus Merkens and Theodore W. Brockhaus, of Milwaukee in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, are the general partners therein, and Herman A. Schleicher, who resides in College Point, New York, is the special partner.

4. The said special partner has contributed to the common stock five thousand dollars capital, to which amount he is liable for the debts of the said partnership is to be limited

5. The said partnership commenced on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1860, and is to terminate on the first day of April, A. D. 1865.

Dated this 16th day of May, 1860.

THEODORE W. BROCKHAUS,
GUSTAVUS MERKENS,
HERMAN SCHLEICHER.

my17 853w1aw

CIRCUIT COURT, COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE. Carl Hudsencey, plaintiff, against A. A. Griffith and Jane A. Griffith, his wife, James H. Stoddard, Daniel K. Cotton and Marietta S. Cotton, his wife, Friedrich Mosnang and Wilhelmine Moehring, his wife, Heinrich Eggers and Wilhelmine E. gers, his wife, Louis Bieger, George Schneider and Mary Schneider, his wife, Friedrich Groto and Louise Groto, his wife, defendants:

State of Wisconsin, to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, for the County of Milwaukee, at the City of Milwaukee, in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 3 and 4 Bidwell Building, in the City of Milwaukee, within ninety days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness the Honorable Arthur McArthur, (L. S.) Judge of the Circuit Court for said County of Milwaukee, at Milwaukee, this 28th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty.

HOOKER & SPANGENBERG, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Mil., Wis.

my1j56j240tdaw

2967] [Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Bank of Milwaukee, against Sanford E. Grant, Peter D. Ely, Albert Wise, Michael Sanford, George Le Fevre, George G. Greene, Michael Smith, John W. Lodyard and James H. Hewett.

} Judgment of Foreclosure and sale.

In virtue of and pursuant to a judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated May 11th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday the 18th day of August, 1860, at the hour of 1 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said Judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to wit:

The south two-thirds of lot No. seven (7) of block No. forty-two (42), in the Third Ward of the City of Milwaukee, in the County of Milwaukee, and state of Wisconsin, with the buildings and improvements thereon.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, May 17, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

HOOKER & SPANGENBERG, Pl'ffs Att'ys. my17j59d6ow3m

2968] [Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Elphalet Stone, against Lewis Keuck, Ferdinand Neuendorf and John F. Woenker.

} Judgment of Foreclosure and sale.

In virtue of and pursuant to a judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated April 3, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 18th day of August, 1860, at the hour of 1 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to wit:

A part of lot number three (3), in block number one hundred and seven (107), in Walker's Point, of the Fifth Ward of the City of Milwaukee, County of Milwaukee, State of Wisconsin, and bounded as follows: commencing at the south-east corner of said lot number three (3), running thence west one hundred and forty (140) feet, thence north fifty (50) feet, thence east one hundred and forty (140) feet, thence south fifty (50) feet, to the place of beginning.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, May 17, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

L. WYMAN, Pl'ff's Atty. my17j62dow3w

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, 18TH and 19th inst., will be found in Conrier's

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1860

MILWAUKEE & NORTHERN ILLINOIS R. R.

A Few Suggestions to the Merchants and Property Holders of Milwaukee.

MR. EDITOR:—I notice in your daily issues of the 5th and 8th of the present month, articles over the signature of "Merchant," which suggest to my mind other and more important causes than those therein enumerated, out of which have grown the state of things of which the writer of those articles probably very justly complains; and while I am not disposed to question the statements made in the article of the 5th inst., a disinterested reader might, on a careful examination, find that "Merchant" was mistaken in the source from which those companies obtained the means to build their roads; and it might be found that the means to build them, to which he alludes, was but a small proportion of the money actually expended in their construction, and if the writer will carefully examine the history, for the past ten years, of the leading cities in the West, he will find other causes for the decline of business in your city than the mere fact that some of the roads leading out of Milwaukee do not carry freight quite as cheap as he thinks they should. Presuming, as we do, that the roads leading west from Milwaukee bring all the trade to the city which it is in the power of the companies to obtain from the sources from which they get their business, yet if "Merchant" expects that the business of a few counties, or the business from one or two lines of Railroads running to a considerable extent in competition for the same business, will build or maintain a large city, I think that he will find, in the course of a few more years, he is mistaken in his calculations.

It is not to one or two roads that the city of Chicago is indebted for her present wealth and importance, but to her unrivalled system of rail roads, by which she is not only able to control the trade of her own State, but by which she is enabled to lay Wisconsin and other adjoining States under contribution for her support, and we lay it down as a principle proven by the history of most of the leading cities in the United States for the past ten years, that no city can prosper to any great extent without furnishing or assisting to furnish to the surrounding country facilities for the cheap and speedy transportation of its products, and for the return of such articles as are necessary for the consumption of the country. For, sir, the time has gone by when the farmer will spend two or three months in each year hauling his products to a market forty or fifty miles distant, when he can reach a railroad station at ten or fifteen miles tavel at which he can sell his products and purchase his supplies, even if that trade does go to build up a city in an adjoining State. And if "Merchant" will carefully examine the map of the State of Wisconsin, especially the Southern portion of it he will find that the south line of the State is dotted with railroad stations on lines of roads to Chicago at which produce is bought for, and merchandize of all descriptions is sold from that market; and if the reader will take the trouble to look at the business done over the Chicago and North Western railroad, he will find at least a partial solution of the difficulties under which "Merchant" is laboring, and as he proposes the formation of a committe to investigate the causes which have led to the results of which he complains and report a remedy, and as investigation is the order of the day at present, allow me to suggest a few thoughts for the consideration of that committee.

That there is south-west of Milwaukee a large extent of country densely populated, with its cities and villages, which as yet have no Rail Road connection with the city of Milwaukee, and can trade there only at a disadvantage by circuitous routes, to supply that deficiency and to secure a direct and cheap means of transportation to and from the city of Milwaukee. The people living in the southern portion of Wisconsin and in Northern Illinois procured a charter for a Rail Road, known as the Fox River Valley Rail Road. To the capital stock of the company thus chartered those living in that section of country subscribed about two hundred thousand dollars. That the Company have expended in grading, right of way, bridging and ties about one hundred thousand dollars, which has completed the grading of about eighteen miles of the line, and furnished most of the timber for that distance. That this amount has been expended by the people of the country for the purpose of reaching the market of Milwaukee. That of this amount so expended about thirty thousand dollars was paid by citizens of the State of Illinois, who already have a Rail Road connection with Chicago. That the business of the section of country where this money was paid, was formerly done almost exclusively at Milwaukee, but having a Rail Road to Chicago they cannot afford to do business at Milwaukee by teams in this age of Rail Roads, but the amount of money subscribed and expended by the people living in the country on this line of road, shows clearly the strong desire they have to do business with Milwaukee. It is true that the citizens of Milwaukee did subscribe to the capital stock of that Company to a considerable extent, but with a few honorable exceptions have utterly refused to pay. And, now Mr. Editor, having presented these subjections for the consideration of the committee, allow me to suggest a remedy for the relief of a portion of the trouble complained of by Merchant, and we say let the citizens of Milwaukee take hold and assist in the speedy completion of this important enterprise. The line of this road is located through the villages of Waterford and Rochester, and at Burlington connecting with the Racine and Mississippi R. R., thereby furnishing, by the construction of only 30 miles of road, a direct connection with all the points on that line of road, whereas to secure a connection with that road at Delevan it will require the construction of forty-eight miles of road and save only one mile in distance, and the construction of eighteen miles of extra rail to accomplish that connection may be saved by a union of all the friends of a South Western Road, in Milwaukee, upon this line of Road.

The Fox River Road extending south of Burlington, connects at a point about two miles north of the south line of the State with the Rockford and Kenosha Road, a company chartered by the State of Illinois, with power to construct a Road from Rockford to the south line of the State of Wisconsin 27 miles of which Road is completed and in operation, extending from the City of Rockford to the village of Harvard, only leaving a small gap to fill up from Harvard to the point of connection. The writer of the article spent some time at Rockford, at the time when that company were soliciting subscriptions to their capital stock, and one of the leading ideas held out by the Directors at Rockford, to the people, to induce them to subscribe, was the fact that it would furnish a direct line from Rockford, (by connection with the Fox River Valley R. R.) to Milwaukee, and we think the importance of that connection to the City of Milwaukee will readily be seen in the fact that Rockford is nine miles nearer to Milwaukee by this line of Roads than it is to Chicago by the line of Chicago and Galena Road, and that the line from Rockford to the point of connection, (forty miles) runs through some of the richest counties of Northern Illinois, a section of country from which Milwaukee formerly obtained a large share of trade, but from which at the present time she rarely receives a dollar.

About two miles south of this point of connection, the Fox River road connects with and terminates in the Fox River road of Illinois, by which it is put in connection with most of the leading roads of Illinois, the importance of which any one can see by an examination of the map of the State of Illinois, and which I will not trouble you by detailing here, and while the Chicago roads on Wisconsin soil have become a permanent fixture and cannot be removed, I think that Milwaukee may more than compensate herself for the loss occasioned by those roads in the construction of the Fox River road, (or as it is now called the Milwaukee and Northern Illinois road, there having been a change made in the title of the road by the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin,) and the trade which she will thereby get from southern Wisconsin, northern Illinois and Iowa. And I think, as a looker-on, that the citizens and property owners of Milwaukee either do not understand, or underrate the importance of this road to their interests. Here are two roads in Illinois built on nearly a direct line towards Milwaukee, the one ending at Richmond and the other at present stopping at Harvard, the benefit of which, together with a direct connection with the Racine road, and also with the leading roads of Illinois, may be obtained by assisting in the construction of only 44 miles of road, that being the distance from Milwaukee to Richmond. And I hope that "Merchant" will succeed in getting his committee appointed and in getting them to *act*, for I have, and can get a formidable array of facts, which I should be pleased to lay before them, showing the amount of grain, pork, beef and wool sold, and the amount of lumber, merchandize and farming implements bought by the inhabitants at the points which this short line of road would open to the trade of Milwaukee, all of them being much nearer to it than to Chicago. NORTHERN ILLINOIS.

State Items.

THE CROPS in Racine county are reported to us as more flourishing than ever before.

ONE DAY day last week a German woman living near Waterford, Racine county, while burning brush in the field, caught her clothes on fire and was so badly burned that her life is despaired of.

THE Burlington (Racine county) *Gazette*, also states that a constable was shot in the town of Waterford last week, by an Irishman, whose dog had been shot by the constable.

WE UNDERSTAND it is the intention of some liberal and enterprising citizens of Madison to make up a purse of $100 for presentation to the county agricultural society making the best show at the next exhibition of the State Fair.

A MARBLE CUTTER at Racine was recently astonished one morning to find a handsome marble statue in his yard completely disfigured by ink, with which some scoundrel had industriously covered it.

THE case of the State vs. S. M. BOOTH for seduction, was called on Monday in the court at Madison, and the defendant not appearing his surety was brought into court and the recognizance forfeited.

MR. SHORROCKS, a printer in the office of the Madison *Patriot*, had a dog confined which exhibited signs of hydrophobia. On Monday last it got loose and bit two little boys.

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.—On Thursday, the "Committee of Five Presidents" met at the Burnett House in Cincinnati, when two communications were laid before the committee from the President of the Dayton and Michigan Road. One states that the Dayton & Michigan Road does not acknowledge the right of the committee to dictate to it what rates it shall be governed by. It denies that the committee has any power to compel it to observe any rates, and claims that it has the right to manage its own affairs in its own way. This communication was referred to the Board of Directors of the C. H. & D. Railroad, to take such action as the said Board should deem expedient, after obtaining legal advice upon the contract existing between the Dayton & Michigan and Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Roads. The other communication is said to state that second class tickets have been issued to Cleveland and Detroit, via steamer, by the "Combination Lines," which are used upon first class cars, which the Dayton and Michigan R. R. look upon as cutting the fares $1 to both those points—The Dayton & Michigan R. R. intimated to the committee that unless this "second class" dodge is withdrawn, it will immediately put the fare down to $5 to both Cleveland and Detroit. We do not learn that these high functionaries took any action in relation to this charge.

PERSONAL.—THOMAS J. CONATTY, Principal of the Kenosha High School, and well known throughout the State, has resigned his position, on account of ill health.

FORNEY'S *Press* says Mr. SHERMAN, premier of the House, will next Wednesday expose his financial budget for this session.—Probably no chairman of the Ways and Means Committee has had more success for his recommendations, or done more work than Mr. SHERMAN, and, what is of more importance to tax-payers, he has uniformly confined appropriations to the legitimate functions of the Government.

TAMBERLIK, the celebrated tenor, is coming to this country.

LAURA KEENE has just received a monster complimentary benefit. It was her last appearance in this country, previous to her departure from Europe, where she goes for her health.

FITZ GREEN HALLECK, who has been confined so long to his bed by a severe fit of illness, is pronounced entirely recovered.

HEAVY DAMAGES AGAINST A CITY.—An action for $5,000 damages brought by SAMUEL HART and wife against the city of Brooklyn, N. Y., was recently concluded—the case being given to a jury, and a verdict rendered in favor of plaintiffs. Damages $1,000. It appears that Mrs. HART was walking down Hicks street about 9 o'clock one evening in June of last year, and when opposite of No. 252 she stepped on a grating, which turned over, her leg entering the vault, and she falling over on her side. She was badly injured, and being *enciente*, a miscaariage was the result. She was confined to the house for five or six weeks. Plaintiffs' counsel sought to recover, on the ground that it is the duty of the city to keep the sidewalks in repair, and that the accident was caused by culpable neglect on the part of the authorities.

A NEST OF RATTLESNAKES.—Mr. C. HOOVER, of Watertown, while lately climbing over the bluffs near the Wisconsin, below Helena, came upon a nest of rattlesnakes which he thinks numbered as many as one hundred. He was barefooted, and hardly in a condition to give them battle, but he succeeded in killing seven, measuring from three to four feet, and having from seven to thirteen rattles each.

FIRE OVER SIX MILES SQUARE.—The fire in the South that we spoke of a week or two since, burned over a space about six miles square, and destroyed all the berry bushes, and pretty much all the timber in that area. It commenced at Robinson's Creek, nine miles below here, ran rapidly upon the river bank to J. Simplot's house, a distance of six miles, thence east to his mill and beyond.—It was only with great exertions that the house, mill and other buildings were saved. The lovers of black berries and whortleberries will go mourning this year.—*Jackson Co. Banner.*

THE ILLINOIS REPUBLICAN contains the following obituary notice of a once popular animal:

DIED.—At Charleston, S. C., on the 3d inst., the old and well-known horse *Democracy*.

The above named horse was sired by Thos. Jefferson, and dam(n)ed by S. A. Douglas.

Tightening up the Screws.

For the Sentinel.
U. S. Custom House, Prison, }
May 14, 1860. }

EDITORS SENTINEL:—To-day, through mortal fear of my escape, my keepers have put an additional bolt on the outside of my prison door. For this *new* safeguard I am indebted to the fears and vigilance of JOHN BURKE, Custom House porter, and confidential adviser of the Marshal in his new capacity of jailor, and in appointing the census takers, and the man Friday's doer of all work for Collector CLASON. In addition to $40 a month for taking care of the Custom House, and $150 a year for taking care of the Judge's and Marshal's rooms, I understand he gets $2 a day, or $14 a week for such care as he bestows on my room. Of course he can't afford to lose so profitable a prisoner as I am for the want of an additional bolt! This brute acts as general spy, key-hole listener and eaves-dropper, not only upon me, but as a watch upon the rest of the guard—the Marshal appearing to fear that the others may cherish some human feelings toward me. To him I have been indebted for many petty annoyances and restrictions, which are part of the system of the Custom House Prison discipline. He keeps the Marshal constantly in hot water, and runs to him and to the Collector with each new suspicion and fear, with an alacrity and eagerness worthy of prompt reward. I give it as my opinion, that Mr. CLASON is my real jailor, and that the Marshal and the porter are only subordinates.

I have been here seventy-five days, and have given my jailors no reason to believe I would escape by stealth, if I could. I have had ample opportunities to do so, had I been so disposed. Twice, within ten days, has BURKE gone out of the building in the morning, when he had the *sole charge*, when my door was unlocked, and been absent a long time, and nothing prevented me from walking out, had I chosen to have done so. Once I walked out into the other room, when he had thus left me, and got wood, and made a fire from the same pile from which he knocked a stick into the head of a German woman, cutting her badly a few days ago, drawing the first blood that has been shed by any of my guard; you represented it as falling from the window, but it was knocked off from my wood pile by BURKE. My chief keepers—the Marshal and the Porter—cannot comprehend how it is possible that I would not run away at the first opportunity, though I have assured them from the first, that I should be their boarder until legally discharged from imprisonment. And as the United States Attorney General has answered the petitions for my discharge, by refusing to consider them till I *beg pardon under oath*, I must board and train under LEWIS and BURKE's command, till the Marshal subsides into private life, or the State resumes its overthrown Sovereignty. Truly yours,

S. M. BOOTH.

A Gilded Lead Bar.

The San Francisco correspondent of the New York *Times* writes under date of the 9th ult.:

"Some eighteen months ago there was intrusted to Wells, Fargo & Co., of this city, what purported to be a bar of gold, worth $2,075, for them to forward to New York. They safely delivered it in your city, and thence, through the house of Lansing, Baldwin & Co., it was expressed to Paris. Sanover & Co., to whom it was addressed, on opening the linen bag that enclosed it, found it worth about a dollar. The impression seems to have prevailed that the box containing the bag had been clandestinely opened, and on this ground, when Sanover demanded of Lansing & Co. full payment for the alleged value of the missing gold, the French courts enforced the demand. Then Lansing & Co. came down on Wells, Fargo & Co., and recovered from them. Wells, Fargo & Co. put the matter into the hands of our police.

The lead bar and the linen wrapper were brought home from Paris, and a microscopic examination of the linen discovered the fact that it had been but once sewn up—from which it became evident that the lead first started from San Francisco, and that the fraud was practised not on the voyage, but here.

Before the matter had been noised abroad at all, Mr. Kohler, the keeper of one of our largest French fancy goods stores, and who was the one that took the bar to Wells, Fargo & Co.'s office, was sent *for* to meet several gentlemen who were interested in the matter. He was a good deal surprised when told why he had been invited; but learning that the expenses of the litigation, &c., amounted to $2,000, he at once drew his check for $4,000, requesting that nothing be said about it. No promises were made; however. Wells, Fargo & Co. have drawn the money. Mr. Kohler publishes a card to the public this morning pronouncing all charges that implicate him basely false. He intimates that he is made the victim of a conspiracy, and asks the public to suspend their opinion for a few days."

THE SLAVE TRADE IN NEW YORK.—The Commercial *Advertiser*, in a long leader, comes to the deliberate conclusion that slavers are fitted up in New York, and go from that city on their fiendish mission almost without interruption. The *Advertiser* says:

"The co-operation of various parties is necessary to the fitting up of a vessel for the slave trade. The provisions for a slaver are peculiar, and it is a moral impossibility that the firm or agent who furnishes these supplies can be ignorant of the true character of a vessel requiring them. The fixtures, including the slave deck, the water casks and the coppers, to say nothing of the shackles, &c., came under a similar category, and the contractor for such fixtures must know why they are wanted. The preparing of a slaver for sea, necessarily, therefore, implies the complicity of many parties besides the owners or charterers; and it is not creditable to our city, any more than it is to the Federal officers, that vessels engaged in this inhuman, nefarious and piratical trade, are habitually fitted up and take their unmolested departure from our shores and docks. There must be a debased morality on the part of certain of our citizens as well as a lack of due vigilance, if not of probity, on the part of those officers of the federal government to whom is committed the oversight of these matters, and the prevention of these violations of humanity and of law."

A LARGE SWINDLE, PROBABLY.—Mr. E. Smith, merchant of Green Bay, Wisconsin, came to Chicago on Friday last to make inquiries concerning the whereabouts of James H. Mills, a young man for some time past a resident here. It appeared from Mr. Smith's statement, that some week's since Mr. Mills came to Green Bay for the purpose of obtaining consignments of lumber and shingles to sell in Chicago, and that Smith made an arrangement to send to this city, consigned to Miles, 350 m. shingles, to sell on his account. The shingles were sent on the 24th ult., and on the 26th Mills wrote to Smith that he had disposed of the cargo to a St. Louis house, and that the returns would be forwarded immediately. Since then, up to the time Smith left home, he heard no more from his shingles or from Mills. On arriving here he went to Mills' boarding house, the Orient, and there learned he had gone to St. Louis, and had expressed his determination to go to Pike's Peak. Smith immediately went to St. Louis himself, and there ascertained the shingles had been sold to a Mr. Patrick, and that Mills had received therefor $150 in cash, a three days draft for $750, and a thirty day draft for the balance, of $750. He also ascertained that Mills had got the three days draft cashed, and had stated he was going to Pike's Peak. Mr. Smith then returned here, and becoming satisfied that Mills had swindled him, set out yesterday afternoon for St. Jo. Missouri, hoping to overtake Mr. Miles there. This young man has hitherto sustained a good character, and we hope that it will yet turn out that he had acted honestly in this matter, although the thing looks bad.

SAVE YOUR SIGHT!

H. W. ANGER,

PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO the Public, that he has imported from RATHENOW, in GERMANY, and now offers for sale, a large assortment of

PERSPECTIVE EYE GLASSES AND SPECTACLES

of the finest purified flint, which show the clearest and most correct vision. As these glasses permit every ray of light to pass completely through them they will not only enable the weary naturally to do the finest eye-work without injury, but will preserve and even strengthen the sight, which very often, by other glasses is ruined.

My SPECTACLES are celebrated for the superior and high optical nature of the glasses, as well as NEATNESS and ELEGANCE of finish, for which they received at the World's Fairs, both Paris and London, the first premiums, (viz: Gold Medals), being the best specimens on exhibition. Many years experience and a thorough knowledge of optics, enable me to select such glasses for those requiring the same, as will ensure entire satisfaction.

Glasses set to order.

Depot, the brick house on Division St., between Market and Main.

H. W. ANGER, the only Agent in the U. S. of the Rathenow Optic Ind. Institute.

Milwaukee, March, 1860. my11j574m2m

Can be Consulted for a Few Days

AT THE

NEWHALL HOUSE.

ARRIVAL

—OF—

DR. M. A. SCHLOSSER,

THE RENOWNED

SURGEON CHIROPEDIST

&c.

—OF—

LONDON AND PARIS,

THE ONLY PROFESSOR

—OF THE—

IMPORTANT

Branch of Surgery,

WHO CURES

Efficaciously and Permanently,

CORNS, BUNIONS,

SOFT CORNS, DISEASED NAILS,

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE FEET!

WITHOUT

Cutting or Causing the Least Pain,

SO THAT THE MOST TIMID PERSONS MAY PLACE THEMSELVES WITH THE UTMOST CONFIDENCE UNDER

SUCH SAFE TREATMENT.

DR. M. A. SCHLOSSER,

Surgeon Chiropedist

TO ALL THE

PRINCIPAL SOVEREIGNS OF EUROPE

Would, in the most respectful manner, announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Milwaukee, that at the urgent solicitation of many highly respectable families, he has been induced to visit their city

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY,

And he may be consulted in every department of Pedal Surgery, especially in

CORNS, BUNIONS,

—AND—

Every Disease of the Feet!

All of which, however long standing or bad, he guarantees to effectually and permanently cure, in a few minutes, without the slightest pain or inconvenience, either during the or moral of otherwise.

Dr. Schlosser's success among the first families of America, as well as among several of the Imperial Royal families of Europe, has gained for him several thousand Testimonials, from some of which he begs leave to submit the following

AMERICAN TESTIMONIALS.

[From Hon. Charles C. Van Zandt, R. I.]

Dr Schlosser has to-day operated on a very painful corn of mine with perfect success, relieving all pain and removing it without suffering.

CHAS. C. VAN ZANDT.

[From Jno. B. Carrington, Ed. N. H. Jour. & Cour.]

Dr. Schlosser has removed from my feet three painful corns—thoroughly, speedily, and without any pain. I most cheerfully recommend others to make a trial of his skill. JNO. B. CARRINGTON.

New Haven, Sept. 21st, 1859.

[From Dr. Henry A. Dubois.]

Dr. Schlosser has removed from my feet several painful corns without pain and I recommend him most confidently to those who are similarly afflicted.

HENRY A. DUBOIS, M. D.

New Haven, Sept. 20th, 1859.

[From Robert Parks, U.S. Custom House, Cleveland]

Dr. Schlosser has removed several corns from my feet, which had hitherto given me much pain. The Doctor extracted them without the least pain, and to my entire satisfaction. ROBERT PARKS.

Cleveland, April 18th, 1860.

[From J. W. Gray, Ed. Plaindealer.]

Dr. Schlosser has extracted several troublesome corns for me, without pain, and with every prospect of permanent cure. I can cheerfully recommend him to the public patronage.

Cleveland, April 2d, 1860. J. W. GRAY.

[From Hon. Wm. F. Phillips, Alabama.]

Dr. Schlosser has operated on the feet of two of my family very successfully and without any pain.

W. F. PHILLIPS.

Washington, Jan. 2d, 1860.

[From B. A. Maguire, Prest. of Georgetown Col.]

I am pleased to certify that I have been very successfully operated on by Dr. Schlosser, and without the least pain. B. A. MAGUIRE.

[From Gen. R. Patterson.]

Dr. Schlosser has operated on the feet of one of my family, and did it very well. R. PATTERSON.

[From Pierce Butler.]

Dr. Schlosser has extracted corns from my feet with great skill and without pain. PIERCE BUTLER.

[From Wm Rice, Prop. of the Pennsylvanian.]

Dr. Schlosser has extracted two corns from my feet, which were extremely painful for many years: the extraordinary ease with which he operated is remarkable, and I cheerfully recommend him to all who are troubled with corns, as the only person I have ever known to perform the operation scientifically and without pain. WM. RICE.

[From Dr. S. M. Landis, Phil. City Water Cure Inst.]

Dr. Schlosser has extracted eight painful corns from my feet without the least pain, and the greatest satisfaction to myself. I would by all means recommend him to every body who is tormented with these evils. S. M. LANDIS.

[From Professor Gilbert, Philadelphia.]

Dr. Schlosser removed four corns for me without pain and satisfactorily. J. GILBERT, M. D.

[From Gen. R. C Tilghman.]

Dr. Schlosser has removed several corns for me without pain and to my satisfaction.

R. C. TILGMAN.

[From A. L. Elwyn, M. D.]

I certify that Dr. Schlosser has removed corns from feet without the least pain and skilfully

Philadelphia, May 2nd, 1859. A. L. ELWYN.

[From Dr. Wm. H. Tingley, M. D.]

Dr. Schlosser has removed corns from my feet to my satisfaction. W. H. TINGLEY.

Dr. M. A. Schlosser,

May be Consulted from 10 *A. M. till* 4 *P. M.*,

AT HIS

CONSULTING ROOMS.

Dr. S. can be consulted only at his Room, as he attends no person out of his room, unless invalids.

N. B.—Servants will be constantly in waiting to show the Doctor's apartments.

FOR A FEW DAYS,

IAT THE

NEWHALL HOUSE,

PARLORS C., & A. & D.

PRIVATE ENTRANCE FOR LADIES.

my8j65dlw

Auction Sales.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I shall, by virtue of an order of the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois sell at public auction, for cash, on the 11th day of May next, at 11 o'clock, a. m., at the door of the Cook County Court House, in Chicago: S E¼, N W ¼, Sec. 11, T. 32, Range 22, Door County, Wisconsin.

N W ¼, S E ¼, Sec. 12, and N W ¼ N E ¼ and E ¼, N W ¼, Sec. 14, Town 19 N. R. 5, in La Crosse County, Wisconsin.

Also, Wisconsin Swamp land Certificates No. 172 and 175, N W ¼ N E ¼ of Sec. 16; S E ¼, S E ¼, Sec. 3, Town 11, N. R. 12, Columbia County.

No. 147, 148 and 149, W ½ and S E ¼, N E ¼, Sec. 11, T. 6, R. 15, Jefferson County.

No 92, N W ¼ S W ¼, Sec. 22, T 14, R. 19, Fond du Lac County.

511, 512, 513 and 514; being lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 in N E ¼, Sec. 16, T. 20, R. 18, Oconto County.

Sec. 23 and 160, E ½, N W ¼, Sec. 3, T. 21, R. 7; and N E ¼, N E ¼, Sec. 9, 32 and 149, N W fract. ¼, N E ¼, Sec. 1, T. 22, R. 7, W 4th P. M. Sec. 34, T. 41, N., 19 E. N E ¼, N E ¼, Sec. 21, 126, R. 9—all in Portage County.

367, 368, 369 and 370, W ½, N E ¼, N W ¼ and S E ¼ of N W ¼, Sec. 24, T. 9, R. 23; 561 and 593 S E ¼, N W ¼ and S W ¼, S E ¼, Sec. 27, T. 29, R. 27; 681 and 683, E ½, S E ¼, Sec. 22, T. 29, R. 27—all in Door County.

1092 and 1093, N ½ of N W ¼, Sec. 28, T. 23, R. 17; lot 3 and 1092, N W ¼, S E ¼, and S E ¼ N W ¼, Sec. 5, T. 21, R. 15—all in Outagamie County.

Together with other property situate in the States of Iowa and Minnesota.

Chicago, 17th April, 1860.

ALEXANDER SILLER, Receiver.

ap25j592d10tawsF

To Whom it May Concern.

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.,
Superintendent's Office, Express Department,
Corner Lake and Dearborn Streets,
Chicago, May 1st, 1860.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the unclaimed goods now remaining at different points in the State of Wisconsin, as per list below, will be sold at Public Auction in the City of Milwaukee, on the last day of June next, unless the same shall be paid and all charges paid thereon, previous to the 25th day of May inst.

B. P. PECKHAM, Div't. Sup't.

Report of Unclaimed Goods and Packages remaining at Wisconsin Offices.

AT	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION.
Berlin, Wis	W. K Whitney	Berlin, Wis
Waupun	T Causay	Waupun
Kenosha	J A Bliss	Kenosha
do	J K Fero	do
do	J H Josslyn	do
do	do	do
Portage City	L W Bacon	Portage City
do	Wm Ram Cooper	do
do	D Daniels	Sodus Point
Beloit, Wis	Joseph Barber	Beloit
Kilbourn City	Hinds, Drucker & Co.	Kilbourn City
Oshkosh	Lewis Schnladen	Oshkosh
do	Timothy Church	do
do	Byron Sherry	do
do	Wm Greenwood	do
Menasha	Mrs. J. H. Bader	Menasha
Brodhead	Fitchburg	Brodhead
do	W H Homer	do
Monroe	H Howard	Albany
do	A B Winchester	Milwaukee
Janesville	H H Carter	Janesville
do	J F Hunt	do
do	Thos Jvis	do
do	H H Lockwood	do
do	James Mills	do
do	Nicholas, Loomis & Co.	do
do	J W Parker	do
Waukegan	William Aeskin	Waukegan
do	Wm B Beaufment	do
do	Jerry Munsen	do
do	Mrs S A Miller	do
do	do	do
do	James Nobtan	do
do	C S Furnan	do
do	R Wiley	Oak Hill
Fond du Lac	Brooks & S	Fond du Lac
do	T Dibson	do

To Whom it May Concern.

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.,
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Berlin, Wis	W. K Whitney	Berlin, Wis
Waupun	T Causay	Waupun
Kenosha	J A Bliss	Kenosha
do	J K Fero	do
do	J H Josslyn	do
do	do	do
Portage City	L W Bacon	Portage City
do	Wm Ram Cooper	do
do	D Daniels	Sodus Point
Beloit, Wis	Joseph Barber	Beloit
Kilbourn City	Hinds, Drucker & Co.	Kilbourn City
Oshkosh	Lewis Schnladen	Oshkosh
do	Timothy Church	do
do	Byron Sherry	do
do	Wm Greenwood	do
Menasha	Mrs. J. H. Bader	Menasha
Brodhead	Fitchburg	Brodhead
do	W H Homer	do
Monroe	H Howard	Albany
do	A B Winchester	Milwaukee
Janesville	H H Carter	Janesville
do	J F Hunt	do
do	Thos Jvis	do
do	H H Lockwood	do
do	James Mills	do
do	Nicholas, Loomis & Co.	do
do	J W Parker	do
Waukegan	William Aeskin	Waukegan
do	Wm B Beaufment	do
do	Jerry Munsen	do
do	Mrs S A Miller	do
do	do	do
do	James Nobtan	do
do	C S Furnan	do
do	R Wiley	Oak Hill
Fond du Lac	Brooks & S	Fond du Lac
do	T Dibson	do

FESS' JAUNDICE BITTERS.

FESS' JAUNDICE BITTERS.

THE GREAT SPRING REMEDY.

195 EAST WATER STREET.

EVERYBODY USES FESS' JAUNDICE BITTERS.

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FESS' JAUNDICE BITTERS.

Insurance.

Insurance & Real Estate Agency.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE ASSOCIATED themselves together under the firm of

OGDEN & CLARKE,

And solicit a portion of the public patronage. For a list of the Insurance Companies represented we refer to our card in another column. Parties having property to sell at

Prices to Suit the Times,

are requested to leave us a list.

MORTGAGES BOUGHT AND SOLD,

AND LOANS NEGOTIATED

On Real Estate Security.

☞ Office on Michigan St., under the Newhall House.

WM. M OGDEN, A. F. CLARKE.
Milwaukee, May 10, 1860. my10j565m

FIRE INSURANCE.

gency of Ogden & Clarke.

ffice in Michigan st., under the Newhall House.

VE ARE PREPARED TO TAKE Risks and issue policies in the following named Eastern Insurance Companies, all well known in this community, and we ask for them a share of the public patronage:

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INS. CO., n Capital and Surplus.....$437,000

MASSASOIT INSURANCE COMPANY, Springfield, Mass.
Capital and Surplus.....$235,000

ONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Hartford, Conn.
h Capital and Surplus.....$218,000

MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Conn.
h Capital and Surplus.....246,000

☞ Policies issued without delay, and at as Low es as in other first class Companies.

M. OGDEN Agent. OGDEN & CLARKE.

ap19

orth-Western Insurance Comp'y,

CITY OF OSWEGO, N. Y.

lwaukee Office, No. 6 Newhall House, Michigan Street.

RE AND INLAND MARINE.

INCORPORATED 1832.

h Capital, $150,000; Surplus, $178,548.

of Re-Insuring existing risks.....$60,000 00
ing a Net Surplus of.....117,548 00
ses paid by the Company since 1833.....2,701,703 3
ty-two Dividends paid to the Share-holders.....953,450 00

JAMES PLATT, President.
E. LUDLOW, Secretary.
JOHN WHITE, Agent.
Office No. 6 Newhall House, Michigan st.
blesseldly

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

WISCONSIN GENERAL

NSURANCE AGENCY

HARTER OAK FIRE INS CO., Hartford, Conn.
Cash Assets.....$311,556 56

ESTERN MASS. FIRE INS. CO. Of Pittsfield, Mass.
Cash Assets.....$205,694 43

ONWAY FIRE INSURANCE CO. Of Conway, Mass.
Cash Assets.....$255,451 47

AMPDEN FIRE INSURANCE CO., Springfield, Mass.
Cash Assets.....$225,000

J. W. CRAIN, AGENT.
Office, No. 2 Martin's Block, up stairs.
an20b542d1y Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

Liverpool and London IRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.

tockholders Personally Liable for all Losses.

THORIZED CAPITAL.....$10,000,000
VESTED FUNDS.....5,000,000
EARLY REVENUE OVER.....2,000,000
VESTED IN THE UNITED STATES OVER.....1,000,000

ffice, No. 56 Wall Street, New York.

DIRECTORS IN THE UNITED STATES.

nes Brown, Esq., Ch'n, Francis Cottinet, Dp. Ch.
E. Sanderson, Esq. Joseph Gaillard, Jr., Esq.,
Hats S Wetmore, Esq., Edw'd M. Archibald, Esq.,
x Hamilton, Jr., Esq., Henry Grinnel, Esq.
gene Dutilh, Esq.

ALFRED PELL, Resident Secretary.
LEX. HAMILTON, Jr., Counsel for the Company.
ROBERT ELIOT, Agent, Milwaukee.
☞ Office at the M. & M. R. R. Depot.
no20d1y

MILWAUKEE MUTUAL IRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NOS. 2 & 4 MARTIN'S BLOCK,
(Second Floor.)

CAPITAL 100,000 DOLLARS.

THE OLDEST COMPANY IN THIS State, unsurpassed for safety, and unequalled cheapness, by any Company in the State.

DIRECTORS:

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ap16 M. L. SKINNER, Office Agent.

Pianos, Melodeons, &c.

Great Display of Piano Fortes,

—OF—

HALLETT & DAVIS, IN BOSTON: OF A. H. GALE & CO., IN NEW YORK, AND OTHERS.

MELODEONS,

OF MASON & HAMLIN, IN BOSTON.

Sheet Music and Musical Instruments,

—AT—

A. B. VAN COTT'S

New Music Store, on Main St.,

NEXT TO WISCONSIN ST.

PIANOS FOR RENT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Highest Prices allowed for old Pianos in exchange for New ones.

The high reputation that Pianos and Melodeons of the above named factories have gained all over the Eastern States; the medals received at different fairs, with the reports of the most learned judges, coincide with the opinion of the most distinguished Pianists and Musicians, and that of the Press, presents a weight of testimony in their favor that cannot be resisted, and assure the purchaser of his receiving a superior instrument, worthy to be patronized by the public.

jy20

PIANO FORTE MANUFACTORY

J. S. FARRINGTON,

No. 131 Spring St., Milwaukee, Wis.

IS NOW MANUFACTURING Pianos of all styles, and at prices to suit the times. Work warranted to equal any eastern made piano. Instruments both in Tone and finish.

N. B.—Tuning and Repairing of all kinds of musical instruments well and promptly done. Jan8d591dly

Clothing.

One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.
One Price.

CLOTHING STORE.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
CLOTHS AND TRIMMINGS.
RUSSELL.

East Water st. (ap24j590d2m)

CITY CASH STORE.

Clothing at Wholesale and Retail.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.
Tailors' Trimmings at very low prices for Cash.

JAMES A. SWAIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

193 East Water St., Martin's Block,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

ap15j551dly

Groceries and Provisions.

J. W. LEDYARD,

Grocer & Wine Dealer,

OFFERS FOR SALE AT

LOWEST CASH PRICES

Presidential Election!

THE GREAT CAMPAIGN

IS AT HAND!!

Let Every Republican Prepare for the Conflict!!

Circulate Truth among the People!!

THE WEEKLY SENTINEL

Six Months for Less than Cost of Paper and Printing!!!

READ AND BE CONVINCED!

The approaching campaign is to be a memorable one. The battle will be fought zealously between the friends and the enemies of Freedom, and the ground contested inch by inch. In view of these facts, it is apparent that the dissemination of Republican papers and documents becomes of vast and vital importance. In order to furnish the WEEKLY SENTINEL to the people of the North-West, during the Campaign of 1860, we have concluded to offer the paper, FROM THE 16TH OF MAY TO THE 16TH OF NOVEMBER, at the following unprecedented liberal terms:

One Copy for	$0 50
Twenty Copies, (to one address)	9 00
Fifty " " "	20 00
One Hundred do " "	35 00

These terms will barely cover the cost of paper before it is printed; but we have determined to put the price so low that every individual Republican, or organized Club, in this or adjoining States, will use their best endeavors to scatter the SENTINEL broadcast in their particular localities, and thus accomplish more than by the circulation of *ten times* as many documents in any other form. Every Campaign subscriber will receive the Proceedings of the National Convention, to be held in May, and full returns of the election in November.

We need not urge upon our Republican friends the importance of placing this sheet in the hands of all. Let no VOTER, or family in the State, be without the SENTINEL during the Campaign. Wherever *facts* are read, and the people have access to *truth*, Republicanism prevails.

Send in your orders as early in May as possible. ☞ Address

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
MILWAUKEE, April 9, 1860.

☞ REPUBLICAN PAPERS in this State, with whom we exchange, will please publish the above, or the substance of it, one or two times, and thereby lay us under additional obligation for the favor.

Special Notices.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS,

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D.,
NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruation, removing all obstructions, whether arising from a cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, prostration of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

TO MARRIED LADIES,

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies will never be disappointed in the use of other Pills can place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing REGULAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from any mineral poisons. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Prices 41. Sent by mail on receiving $1 to DR. CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, Box 1231, Post Office, New York City.

Sold by one Druggist in every town in the United States.

R. B. HUTCHINS,
General Agent for the United States,
No. 14 Broadway, New York.

All wholesale orders should be addressed.

☞ Sold in Milwaukee by Green & Nelson, and H. Bowman & Son. mar23-wdaweow

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It is the greatest relief on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the oldest and most experienced female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If the child is sick can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice.

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Bryant's Tasteless Vermifuge.

THE MOTHER'S HOPE.

Restless, pallid, weak and thin
Was the mother's pet and pride,
"Something must be wrong within,"
She distracted gave it cried.
"Worms," the doctor said, and gave
Calomel, calomel, stamonoy,
But all things proved useless, save
Bryant's Tasteless Vermifuge.

Put up in bottles. Price 25 dimes. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. mar19d1m

KENOSHA WATER CURE

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE of the most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between Milwaukee and Chicago, and has been thoroughly refitted and enlarged so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are constantly employed to attend all patients at the Cure. Dr. Bailey is the attending physician, whose reputation is unequaled in the entire west

☞ For particulars and circular, address

E. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,
H. T. SEELEY, M. D.

aug18-d&w1yr.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills!

AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

Free from all Mineral Poisons!!

IN CASES OF SCROFULA, ULCERS, scurvy, or Eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing, in a few days, every vestige of these loathsome diseases by their purifying effects on the blood. Bronchitis, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
335 Broadway, New York.

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup

EXERCISES AN INFLUENCE OVER Bronchitis and Bronchitis unparalleled in Medical Practice, arresting the cough, healing and strengthening the lungs, promoting a free secretion and inducing sleep. One amendment begins from the first dose.

Price 31. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. mar19d1m

CROUP OR RATTLES.

FOR THIS DANGEROUS DISEASE, the Magnetic Ointment may be relied on as an infallible remedy, if applied in season. Apply promptly to the throat and chest and heat in.

Burns

are cured of all pain in a very few minutes, and heal without scar. It is a sovereign remedy for burns.

Frozen Limbs.

Keep away from the fire; take the frost out in snow or ice water, then wrap them up in Ointment. Renew the Ointment once in 12 hours; they will cause no pain after the frost is out, and will be entirely well in a few days.

Bronchitis and Asthma

Are cured by Dr Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and even Consumption has in a number of cases been cured.

☞ Sold by all medicine dealers.

ap27,'60d1m&wow1m

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture

THIS GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE was first introduced by Dr. McClintock, when Dean of the Philadelphia College of Medicine. The entire profession approve it; and it is guaranteed to cure an ordinary cold or cough, catarrh, influenza, &c., with absolute certainty and a degree of rapidity that will agreeably astonish the patient.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. mar19d1m

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills!

AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

Free from all Mineral Poisons!!

IN CASES OF SCROFULA, ULCERS, scurvy, or Eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing, in a few days, every vestige of these loathsome diseases by their purifying effects on the blood. Bronchitis Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
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oct18-d&w1yr

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Price 31. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. mar19d1m

THE SENTINEL.

Terms of the Sentinel.

CASH INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum	$7 00
do do do six months	4 00
do do do three months	2 00
do do do per week	15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred	2 00
DAILY, by mail, per annum	4 00
do do six months	2 00
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THE WORST BOY IN SCHOOL.

BY MRS. CAROLINE A. SOULE.

[CONTINUED.]

"I shall not have much time to talk to you, for I hear the children coming," and as she spoke, little snatches of musical laughter came ringing through the open door; "but one thing I must say: I need your help, Willie."

He looked up and his blue eyes dilated in wonder. His help! What could he do to help her.

She continued:

"I need your help, Willie. You are probably one of the oldest pupils I shall have, and the little ones will all look up to you as an example. If they see you quiet, manurly, orderly, faithful to your studies, and prompt in recitations, they will strive to emulate you, and I shall have but little difficulty in governing the school; but if, on the contrary, you are noisy, forward, rude, negligent of your lessons, and dilatory in coming to your class, they will imbibe your spirit, and I shall go home every night sad and weary. Willie, you are out for a good boy," and she moved her hand over his now glossy hair. "Your head is a good one. If you only guide it with your heart, it will make a good and, perhaps, a great man of you. Can I trust you, Willie, will you help me to make this school a credit to the district?"

Willie had never been talked to in that way before. He had never had trust reposed in him. He hardly knew what to make of it now, but he did not hesitate to say at once "I will help you all I can. Perhaps I shall forget sometimes, and act bad, because I'm so used to be cutting up that it'll go hard to be good all at once; but if I do, just look at me, and I'll give up."

The other scholars came in just then, and looked surprised enough to see Willie there in earnest conversation with the teacher.—They hung back bashfully.

"Tell me their names, Willie," said Miss Merton kindly, and as he spoke each one, she took them gently by the hand, stroking the heads of the little boys, and kissing the cheeks of the little girls.

School opened. The scholars watched in vain for Willie to begin his antics, but proud of the confidence reposed in him, he never, that morning, violated a single rule.

"You have done nobly," said Miss Merton to him, as at the noening she sat down by him. She opened her dinner pail. "Bless me, but Mrs. Gray must have thought I had a wolf's appetite. Can't you help me to devour some of this generous dinner." The boy, used to straps and crusts, took eagerly the nice, white bread, the thin slices of pink ham, the fresh, hard-boiled eggs, the seed cakes and rhubarb pie.

"Are there any cow-slips in the brook?" she asked, when the meal was finished.

"O, yes, ma'am, plenty of them."

"I wish you would bring me five or six pretty ones. I am going to make a herbarium and I want some of all the early flowers."

The boy didn't know what a herbarium was, but he brought the flowers quickly, and looked on with curious eyes while she analyzed one of them, after consulting her Botany, carefully arranged the remainder in the shape of a cross-ot, and placed them between the leaves of the large blank book she took from her desk.

The other scholars gathered about her, and one little girl asked "what she did that for."

Miss Merton explained, and then carefully turning the leaves, showed them a page on which lay pressed the delicate stars of the trailing arbutus, and another on which lay the shell-tinted flowers of the anemone, and another where the pretty little spring-beauties lay clustered.

"I am desirous of making a very large and beautiful collection, for I wish to present it, when finished, to an invalid friend of mine; a lady whose lameness prevents her getting out into the fields and forests to see the flowers. Do you know, Willie, whether there is any bloodroot growing about here. I don't know but it's too late for its blossoms, but I hope not, for I want some of them very much; they are so beautiful; such a snowy whiteness to the flowers."

"I know where there's plenty, ma'am. I've helped dig it many a time. Old Granny Wilmorth, where I used to live, always wanted some put in spirits every spring. I'll get you some to-morrow."

"Do Willie, and any other wild flowers you may find. I shall be glad of them, and in return I'll teach you botany, at noons and before school in the morning, and give you a book like mine to place your specimens in. Wouldn't you like to have a herbarium?"

"O yes, ma'am, I guess I would," and the blue eyes were very bright. Early the next morning Willie was at the school house with six beautiful specimens of bloodroot, and several other spring flowers which had peeped out of the moss and underbrush of the forest. And Miss Merton laid the new herbarium, with William Hendricksen written on the cover, and a beautiful piece of poetry on the first page. She divided all the flowers and gave him half, showing him how to analyze them, and how to press them, and writing under each in her own fair chirography the name, class and order, the spot where it grew, its peculiar characteristics, its medicinal qualities, if it had them, and also an appropriate quotation from some poet, and the language which florists have given it. * * * The week passed on. Friday night came, and Willie, instead of being the worst, had been the best boy in the school. He was a bright little fellow, and now that his mind and heart were engaged, he bade fair to outstrip all his mates. Miss Merton shared her dinner with him every day, removing thus one cause of the boy's restlessness and disobedience, for every one knows a full stomach, not an overloaded, but a comfortably full stomach, disposes one to be more genial and orderly than an empty one can possibly do. Indeed, we have often thought that if the city missionaries would carry a good dinner first to the poor sinners, and afterwards a tract, the chances of converting them would be much greater.

They walked home together, Friday evening, the school-ma'am and the little, ragged, barefooted, almost hatless pupil. She made the way pleasant to him, talking to him of the beautiful world that we live in, and pointing out the various interesting things that were all about them; the old gray mountains in the distance with purple shadows of evening dropping over them; the green fields beside them, with the white lambkins sporting over them; the dim forest with its cathedral aisles, stretching far into the distance; the blooming orchards, with their snowy promises; the little brooklet with its singing waves; the brown and golden birds filling the air with their sweet notes; and lastly, the scarlet west, with the amber currents of sunshine playing over it in gorgeous tides. And when she knew his heart was interested and full of unutterable feeling, she said quietly, "What a good God! to place us in a world so fair. Would you not like to know something more about Him, Willie? Would you not like to study that holy book of His, which He has given mankind to show them the way to heaven?"

"O yes, ma'am," and the boy spoke devoutly.

"I thought you would, and so I asked you. I am going to have a class in the Sunday School, and I shall open next Sunday. You will come, Willie, and be one of my scholars."

"I'd like to, ma'am," and then he glanced at his bare feet and his ragged clothes, and sighed as he added, "I don't see how I can. These are all the clothes I have to wear."

"I've thought of that, Willie, and if you will come to-morrow morning to the Deacon's and let me have your jacket awhile, I'll mend it up for you, and here's a quarter I'll give you to go to the store and buy you a new hat. You can get a good straw one for that, can't you?"

"O, yes. Dear me, how good you are to me. I don't see what makes you so. Everybody else frets and scolds at me, and says I'll go to the penitentiary yet, I'm so bad."

"I love you, Willie, and that is why I treat you as I do. An orphan myself, I can feel for your lonely life. Heaven only knows what I might have been, had not good friends cared for me when my father and mother died and left me alone in the wide world.—Willie, I've great hopes of you. You learn quick, remember well and see into things easily. You are capable of making yourself a good name in the world. You will do it, too, I know you will. Don't you believe it," and she looked hopefully into his eyes.

"I want to; O, if I only could! I'll try. I'll study hard every day, and I'll go to Sunday School every Sunday. And if I do grow up good, I'll lay it all to you, for no one else ever cared for me. They even *grudge* me my victuals. O, but I've seen hard times," and tears trickled down his cheeks.

[TO BE CONCLUDED.]

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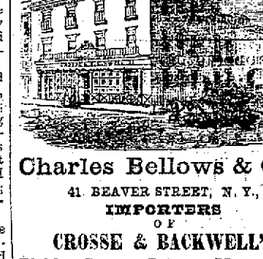

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SUMMONS.

CIRCUIT COURT, COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE.—John Cord, against George Southwell, Jr., Mary Southwell, his wife, Joseph Cord, Mary S. Cord, his wife, Joseph Garner, Isaac Kingsley, William S. Wells, Andrew N. Dickson, Thomas Wright, Thomas Coolidge, William Harper, Robert Ware and Marcus Otterbourg, E. H. Stone, Richard H. Griffith, Stephen A. Harrison, and R. W. Wiles, for Sheriffs of Wisconsin, to the above named Defendant, Thomas Wright:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, of the County of Milwaukee, at the City of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at his office in the said City of Milwaukee, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness the Honorable ARTHUR McARTHUR, [Seal.] Judge of the Circuit Court for said County of Milwaukee, at Milwaukee this 19th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty.

Attest, MATTHEW KENNAN, Clerk,
By JAMES MITCHELL, Dep. Clerk.

A. C. FRASER,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
ap21d579doaw6w

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FROM

THE WORST SCROFULA DOWN TO A COMMON PIMPLE.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases, both chronic humor. He has now in his possession over one hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will cure the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the stomach.

Three or five bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of Erisipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three or four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

ROXBURY, Mass.

DEAR MADAM:—The reputation of the Medical Discovery, in curing all kinds of humors, is so well established, by the unanimous voice of all who have ever taken it, I need say nothing more of the discovery, in the most skillful physicians and the most careful druggists in the country are unanimous in its praise.

In presenting the Medical Discovery to your notice, I do it with a full knowledge of its curative powers, it having cured many of the diseases

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, May 15.

The domination of Calhoun Benham, as District Attorney of California, was confirmed by a vote of 29 to 17, all the Republicans present voting in the negative. Mr. Hamlin called a division by yeas and nays, and Mr Wilson assigned as the reason, that he had been concerned as second in the fatal duel against Mr. Broderick, with peculiar circumstances attending that tragedy. Mr. Douglas was absent when called, but was sent for to the House and came in. After asking the reason which induced the division on the nomination, he said being concerned in the duel was not sufficient cause for rejection, and voted for his confirmation.

There is reason to believe that the latest master general, Brown, was aware of some disagreement in the accounts of Fowler The charge that his defalcation occurred under Pierce's administration is unfounded, as there is a desire to conceal the proper information.

The Covode committee will instigate a full inquiry. The subject was mooted before them this morning.

Mr Brown was examined by the Covode committee to-day. He admitted having had an office in the custom house for about nine months, with salary of near $1,200 yearly, but could not tell whether his whole service in that period amounted to one week's actual duty.

Arrival of the Europa.

HALIFAX, May 16—3 P. M.

The Royal Mail Steamship Europa, Capt Heth, from Liverpool the 5th, via, Queenstown the 6th inst., arrived at this port at 11 o'clock last night, and sailed early this morning for Boston, at which port she will be due by Thursday noon.

The R. S. Steamship Persia, from New York April 25, arrived at Queenstown on Friday, the 4th inst.

The general news is unimportant.

The Reform Bill had passed its second reading in the House of Commons.

There is no change to note in the aspect of Continental politics.

Rumors were prevalent of renewed troubles in the interior of Italy.

Spain grants a general amnesty.

New York P. O. Defalcation.

NEW YORK, May 16—3 P. M.

The excitement about the New York P. O defalcation continues unabated. An investigation is going on relative to the affairs of the office, which promises to develope additional frauds, and to implicate several employees of the Department. A deficiency has been discovered in the accounts of the stamp clerk, amounting to about $2,000.

Mr. Fowler has not yet been arrested, and his whereabouts is not known.

The Herald's Washington correspondent says that Buchanan always distrusted post master Fowler; and doubted whether he was a proper man for the place.

Japanese Embassy at Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 16—3 P. M.

The Japanese paid a visit to the State Department to-day.

The House Committee have waited on the Embassy, extending an invitation to visit the Capitol, but they declined accepting at present, having no time for the purpose, nor will they reply to municipal invitations from New York and elsewhere before being visited by the President. They are particularly observant of etiquette.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT.

THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION

CHICAGO, May 16—9 P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—The Convention met at 3 P. M., the Hall filling almost instantly on the opening of the doors.

Mr. Laura, of Penn., moved that the delegates accept the invitation of the Board of Trade to attend an excursion on the Lake. Lost, amidst applause from the body of the Hall.

Horton, of Ohio, from the committee on permanent organization, reported the name of George Ashmun, of Mass., as permanent President. Carl Schurz, of Wis., and Hon. Preston King, of N. Y., were appointed a committee to conduct the President to the chair.

Mr. Ashman took his seat amidst great applause, and returned thanks in an eloquent speech, for the honor conferred.

Mr. Marsh, from Committee on organization, also reported one Vice President and Secretary from each State represented.

Mr. Tracy, of California, moved a committee of one from each State and Territory on resolutions, and that all resolutions be referred to said committee without debate.—Adopted.

The name of Horace Greeley, as a member of the Convention from Oregon, was received with loud cheers and laughter.

Mr. Rollins, of New Hampshire, moved that each delegation report the name of one person to constitute the Republican National Committee.

Additional by the Europa.

HALIFAX, May 16—9 P. M.

ITALY.—The King of Sardinia was at Bologna and had received an enthusiastic reception

Students had presented him with five million francs as voluntary contributions from the people.

Arrests continued at Messina. Naples was tranquil.

Garibaldi has not gone to Sicily, Cavour having dissuaded him therefrom.

The Gov. General of Hungary is said to be giving great offence to the Hungarians by the arrogance of his consul.

It was supposed that Gen. Klopka was in full correspondence with all parts of Hungary.

England and France have sent an energetic note to the Porte, demanding three million francs amnesty for the Jeddah massacre.

LAYED BY QUEENSTOWN.—Paris, Saturday Evening.—Warner has issued a proclamation to the Sicilians, urging them to unite with Victor Emanuel.

The Paris Patrie says no decision has yet been given as to the evacuation of Rome.

The Patagonian Missionary Schooner Allen Gardiner, has been captured by the natives, and all hands killed except one.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, May 16—3 P. M.

HOUSE.—On motion of Mr Morris, of Ill., a resolution was adopted calling on the Post master General to communicate to the House, at as early a period as possible, all theffaets and circumstances relative to the defalcation of Mr. Fowler, Postmaster at New York.

The Overland Mail bill was taken up.

SENATE.—Mr. Davis' resolution was taken up.

Mr. Douglas resumed his speech.

New York Matters.

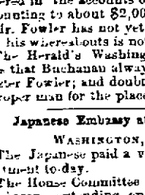
NEW YORK, May 16—9 P. M.

A meeting of the friends of Sam. Houston will be held this evening. It is preliminary to a movement for his nomination for the Presidency.

Samuel F. Butterworth has positively declined the office of Postmaster of New York, tendered him by the President.

SOYER'S SULTANA'S SAUCE.

For Hot and Cold Dishes of all Kinds.



THIS MOST DELICIOUS and appetizing Sauce, invented by the renowned SOYER, for the London Reform club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe in the favorite cuisine in England and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American Epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid in digestion.

Opinions of the London Press.

"We recommend our readers to try SOYER'S SAUCE, here it is now called the 'Sultana Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish receipt it is therefore excellent, and it affords a considerable addition to EASY AND WEAK DIGESTION."—*The Lancet.*

"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer."—*The Times.*

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—*Atlas.*

Sole Agents for the United States.

GARDNER G. YERLIN, 247 Fulton st., New York, and BELL & HALLETT, 24 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers, everywhere jan12-wdeodly

FRENCH'S HOTEL,

On the European Plan,
CITY OF NEW YORK.

Single Rooms 50 Cents per Day.

City Hall Square, corner of Frankfort St.,
(Opposite City Hall,)

Meals, as they may be ordered in the spacious Refectory. There is a Barber's Shop and Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel.

N. B.—Beware of Runners and Hackmen, who may waylay you.

aug18-M&Sly R. FRENCH, Proprietor.

ADVERTISEMENT.

ASTHMA. For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

FENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 167 NASSAU ST., N. Y. Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

myl6-M&Sly

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE VARIETY of Children's Wagons, Cabs and Gigs, which we will sell to the Trade, or at retail, at unusually low prices. myl BLAIR & PERSONS.

Red River to be a Crown Colony.

From the Toronto Leader.

The *Africa* brings intelligence that a bill has been introduced—by the Duke of Newcastle it may be presumed—into the Imperial Parliament, to erect the Red River country into a Crown Colony. The Red River colonists were anticipating this announcement, and they will be quite prepared for it when it reaches them. That it will give universal satisfaction would probably be too much to say; but there is reason to believe that it will give more satisfaction than any other course that could be taken. There has been and is still in the colony a party in favor of annexation to Canada, but it has of late diminished in influence, while the number of those who favor a separate organization is increasing — Impatience of the control of the Hudson Bay Company caused the settlers to look for some means of deliverance. The idea of a separate colony was at first not thought much of; the thing that most readily suggested itself was annexation to Canada. There may have been a few who would not have hesitated to accept annexation to the United States, if that had been the only or the best means of getting rid of the control of the Company; and though this party was very small, it made up in noise what it wanted in influence.

Flaming accounts of deep seated dissatisfaction were sent forth; and we were asked to believe that a collision was about to occur between the settlers and the company, not less bloody than that in which Gov. Semple lost his life. Annexation to Canada was represented as the first demand; and annexation to the United States as the alternative. For some time past, the Red River colonies have had the means of expressing their views through a very respectable and well conducted local journal—a miracle for the place, in fact—but we have heard none of those terrible mutterings of discontent which were said to be seeking utterance. In fact, the rule of the Company seems to be regarded as endurable, at least; and perhaps it gives less dissatisfaction than would annexation to Canada. However this may be, the Company's rule approaches its termination, and the Red River is about to enter the list of Crown Colonies of England.

Insurance.

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

CHOICE FIRST - CLASS INSURANCE BY THE

Ætna Insurance Co.,

Of Hartford, Conn.

THE FIRST OF FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN AMERICA.

Incorporated 1819—Charter Perpetual.

Cash Capital, - - $1,500,000

ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED

Assets January 1st, 1860.

Cash in hand and deposited in Hartford Banks.....$234,445 48
Cash in Agents' hands and in transit..... 163,227 78
U. S. Treasury Notes and accrued interest..... 25,001 92
150 United States Stocks 5 per cent interest..... 156,750 00
216 state stocks, 6 per cent interest..... 224,582 29
Real Estate, unincumbered..... 75,000 00
Mortgage, amply secured..... 458 75
Bills Receivable, amply secured..... 7,041 56
197 Bonds, 1 and 10 years, interest, annually..... 200,000 00
837 Shares Rail Road Stock..... 92,161 00
50 do Connecticut River Co's Stock..... 5,000 00
60 do Waterbury Bank Stock..... 3,300 00
30 do Stafford Springs Bank Stock..... 2,100 00
30 do Providence do do 1,500 00
15 do Jersey City do do 1,500 00
500 do Boston do do 30,000 00
500 do St. Louis do do 31,500 00
500 do Bank of Missouri, do 21,000 00
Other Miscellaneous Items..... 17,311 00
6276 Shares Hartford Bank Stock..... 312,800 00
9850 do New York do do 489,710 00

Total assets..... $2,194,120 02

LIABILITIES.

The amount of liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors..... None.
Losses adjusted and not due..... $28,861 52
Losses unadjusted in suspense, waiting proof, or contested..... 161,005 72

Total liabilities..... $179,867 65

The above is the Company's condition as to assets and liabilities, January 1st, 1860, this statement, in connection with the well earned fame of this company, arising from its promptness and liberality in adjusting and paying all just claims, give the "Ætna" a character unsurpassed (if equalled) by any other corporation in the United States, and entitles it, and those desiring reliable indemnity will hear Serve their own interests by obtaining policies from the agents of this company.

Organized on a National basis, with ample cash in the principal cities and towns. By a distribution of a legitimate business, this Company is enabled to offer both indemnity for the past and security for the future.

Special attention given to Insurance on Dwellings and contents for terms of 1 to 5 years.

Rates as low as consistent with solvency and fair profit. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. W. HENRY ROLLAND, Agent.

ap25-tidly Milwaukee, Wis.

Real Estate & Insurance Agency.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a Partnership under the style of

ALLIS & MCGREGOR,

For the transaction of a general

Land, Loan and Insurance Business.

We shall pay particular attention to the purchase and sale of CITY AND COUNTY PROPERTY, BONDS AND MORTGAGES, NOTES, STOCKS AND SECURITIES generally.

Also, the lending and borrowing of money, the payment of TAXES, and the making of collections throughout the State.

We are agents for some of the most substantial Insurance Companies, and are prepared to do business on favorable terms.

We are also prepared to do conveyancing in all its branches, and shall faithfully attend to all business entrusted to us.

OFFICE on East Water Street, under the State Bank.

EDWARD P. ALLIS. JOHN P. MCGREGOR.

my7-M&Sdtf

UNITED STATES
MARINE AND FIRE INS. CO.,

Capital $100,000 00—Surplus $15,111 81.

OFFICE—Under MITCHELL'S BANK, corner East Water and Michigan Streets,

MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.

DIRECTORS.

J. A. Hellenstein, E. Sanderson,
Samuel Hale, Moses Rueeland,
G. D. Dousman, H. L. Palmer,
S. S. Daggett, Daniel Wells, Jr.,
Solomon Adler.
J. A. HELWENSTEIN, President.
G. D. DOUSMAN, Vice President.
W. T. PALMER, Secretary.
S. S. DAGGETT, Treasurer. mar7

Insurance, Land and Money Agency

—OF—

J. H. CRAMPTON.

New England Fire and Marine Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Cash Capital and Surplus, July 1st, 1859.....$230,251 80
GEO. M. BARTHOLOMEW, President.
GEO. P. BEWETT, Secretary.

North American Fire Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Cash Capital and Surplus, July 1st, 1859.....$337,728 67
JAMES G. BOLLES, President.
A. F. HASKINS, Secretary.

REFERENCES IN MILWAUKEE.

Lester Sexton, H. H. Camp, John Bradford, Atkins, Steele and White, James B. Martin, Silkman & Pinney.

Policies issued at fair rates by

J. H. CRAMPTON, Agent,
Office under the Newhall House, on Michigan st.
dec29-1859dly

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

Insurance Against Loss and Damage by Fire.

Germania Fire Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK CITY.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - $200,000 00
SURPLUS December 31st, 1859, - 15,782 22
OFFICE 5 BEEKMAN STREET,
(PARK BANK BUILDING.)

RUD. GARRIGUE, Secretary. M. HILGER, President.

Firemen's Fund Insurance Co.

NEW YORK CITY,
110 BROADWAY
METROPOLITAN BANK BUILDING.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - $150,000 00
SURPLUS December 31st, 1859, - 13,149 00

N. B. GRAHAM, President.
HENRY BERGMAN, Secretary.

Policies in the above First Class Co's issued without delay, and losses promptly paid by

JUSTUS REINHARD, Agent
Office in Brousseau's Block, cor. East Water st (Mason st., Milwaukee, Wis. oct18-M&Sdtf

The Park Fire Insurance Company

INCORPORATED IN 1853.

CASH CAPITAL,.....$200,000 00
SURPLUS, July 1, 1859,..... $6,029 29

OFFICE—237 BROADWAY & 50 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

THIS COMPANY INSURES BUILDINGS, Merchandize, Ships and their Cargoes in Port, Household Furniture, and Personal Property generally, against Loss or Damage by Fire.

JOSIAH W. BAKER, President.
WM. JAFFRAY, Secretary.
ALEXANDER, Agent.
Newhall Block, corner Michigan and Main sts.
GEO. BAKER, Gen'l Agent, Milwaukee.
aug6-M&Sdtf

Dissolution Notices.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of WRIGHT, GILLETT & RAWSON, expires this day by its limitation, and by mutual consent.

The business of the late firm will be settled by John B. Wright and Levi Rawson.

JOHN B. WRIGHT,
JONATHAN GILLETT,
LEVI RAWSON.

New York, March 31st, 1860.

The undersigned, have this day formed a co-partnership under the name and style of WRIGHT & RAWSON, for the transaction of a Western Produce Commission business, as successors of Wright, Gillett & Rawson, at No. 71 FRONT STREET.

JOHN B. WRIGHT,
LEVI RAWSON.

New York, March 31st, 1860. apr6-M&Sdtf

ADDITIONS

—TO THE—

Young Men's Association Library.

THE MILL ON THE FLOSS, BY THE author of "Adam Bede," Irvingiana; Lincoln and Douglas Debates; Haunted Houses, by Charles Dickens; Recollections of Washington; Curtiss' History of the Constitution; Abbott's Austria, Russia, and Travels in Cuba; Mc Cleary in India, by W. H. Russell; Roman Question, by M. About; Women Artists, by Mrs. Biles; Milburn's Pioneer Preachers; Old People; Dr. Oldham at Greystones; Letters from Switzerland, by J. J. Prime; Whims and Waits, by Hood; Lives and Works of Mozart and Raphael; Curiosities of Authors, by D'Israeli; Napoleon III. &c., by E. B. Browning; Bancus, by Kingsley; New American Cyclopedia, vol. IX; Encyclopedia Britannica, vol. XIV, &c., &c., &c.

☞ Institution fee $1, half yearly dues $1. Rooms next north of the Newhall, 2d floor, myl4

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

WEDNESDAY, P. M., May 16, 1860.

The banks to-day report Exchange not so plenty as it has been, while there is less stringency in the general money market. The decrease in the supply of Exchange is owing to the falling off in our exports, but it is not likely that the demand will be so great or the movement of produce continue so light as to cause any advance in rates.

GREAT WESTERN (CANADA) RAILWAY.—The following table shows the traffic on this road for week ending May 12th:

Passengers	$15,291 05
Freight and Live Stock	16,6 0 85
Mails, &c.,	1,287 10
Total	$33,029 00
Corresponding week last year	34,029 30
Increase	$ 2,949 64

We have the following money and stock quotations by telegraph from New York to-day:

MONEY—Easier on call at 5 @ 6 cent; short, first-class paper 6@7.

STERLING EXCHANGE—Quiet at 109½@109¾.

STOCKS—C & R I 10, C & T 3½, G & C 66¾, C & P 10¾, M S guaranteed 26, I C scrip 65¾, C C & C 92, N C 60¾, Harlem 13¾, Hudson 45¾, Pan 142, Erie 22¾, N Y C 92½, P M Co 99, D & H 101, Mo Cs 84, Tenn 6's 91½.

Second Board.—Active and higher; since the Board 1000 shares of Erie sold at 13, C & T 3, G & C 66, Del & H & Western 87, M S 13, M S guar 85¾, N C 92¾, B & C Harlem 115½, Hudson 45, Erie 22¾, N Y C 92¾, U S 5s of 65 102, Mo 6s 84¾, Tenn 91¾, Cal 7s 91, M S 2d bonds 47½.

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY P. M., May 16, 1860.

The principal receipts and exports to-day are embraced in the following statement:

RECEIPTS FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

By Rail.		By Lake.	
Flour, bbls	994	Mdz, tons	93
Eggs, bbls	26	Sugar, bbls	75
Tallow, bbls	1	Coffee, sacks	35
Wheat, bus	16,183	Tea, half chests	85
Corn, bus	784	Rice, tierces	15
Oats, bus	286	Wrap'g paper, bdls	100
Barley, bus	32	White Lead, kegs	1
Potatoes, bus	286	Shingles	5,000
Hides, No	123	Cedar posts	459
Butter, lbs	609		
Rags, lbs	3,492		
Sundries, lbs	51,619		
Cattle head	8		

EXPORTS.

Flour, bbls	2,137
Eggs, bbls	70
Wheat, bus	49,290
Butter, firkins	14
Hides, No	50

The wheat market was very active to-day, and yesterday's prices were pretty well sustained during the forenoon, but on 'Change, the foreign news, together with the report of a heavy market at New York, caused a decline of 1c. The sales reported amount to nearly 50,000 bus, including 20,000 bus No. 1 spring on board at $1.00, and 6,000 bus, sold early, at $1.00½—equivalent to $1.07@1.07½ on the track or in store. On 'Change 1,000 bus No. 1 sold at $1.08 f. o. b., and 1,000 bus No. 2 at $1.07 do, and but little else was done, holders not being anxious to sell at the decline.

The flour market was dull and heavy towards the close, but early in the day some seven hundred and odd bbls changed hands at $4.01½@5.50 for fair to prime Extra brands.

There was nothing done in coarse grains and prices were nominally without change.

No change in Freights. The rates on flour are:

To Buffalo (nominal)	25c ₰ bbl.
To New York	60c do
To Oswego	40c do
To Ogdensburgh	45c do
To Boston, (via Ogdensburgh)	55c do

☞There are unengaged vessels in port. The schooner *W. J. Whaling* is loading on owners' account.

CHICAGO MARKET, MAY 15TH.—The *Times* of this morning says:

A still further decline in grain took place yesterday. Flour was heavy, there being no buyers in market. Wheat declined 1@2c, No. 2 spring selling at $1.06¾@1.07. Corn was quiet at 50@50½c for No. 1, and 48@48½c for No. 2. Oats steady, at 32c in store, and 33@33c on track. Rye favored buyers. Barley quiet.

BUFFALO MARKET, MAY 15TH.—Receipts by Lake at Buffalo, Tuesday, included: 13,522 bbls flour, 20,772 bushels wheat, 50,302 bushels corn, 2,107 bus oats, 825 bus oats; and canal exports on the same day were: 3,632 bbls flour, 20,925 bus wheat, 52,455 bus corn, 5,912 bus barley. The *Express* says of the market:

The market for Flour was very quiet yesterday, demand limited, and quotations unchanged. Sales 750 bbls, at $5.50 for extra State from spring wheat; $5,50@5.75 for extra Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin; $5.75@6 for good to choice extra Ohio and Indiana; $6@6.50 for double extra Canadian, and $6.25@6.75 for double extra Illinois and Indiana. Wheat dull, and quite lower. Sales 5 000 bus Chicago spring at $1.12½@, 5,000 bus Canadian club at $1.18, and 900 bus do, bagged; at $1.20. Corn dull and market easier. Sales 1,500 bus at 57c, and 8,000 bus at 59c delivered. Rye in fair demand. Sales 2,000 bus at 80½c; 500 bus do at 82c, bagged; and 800 bus do in bbls at 85c. Barley nominal at 66@70c. Oats unchanged. Sale 1,300 bus Canadian at 36c, bagged. Seeds unchanged; Clover at 14,75@6; Timothy at $4,25. Whiskey quiet and held at 21c.

ST. LOUIS MARKET, MAY 12TH.—Receipts at St. Louis on Saturday included: By river—4,522 bags corn, 308 bbls, 160 bgs flour, 2,137 bags oats, 96 bags barley, 4,279 bags 97 bbls wheat. By railroad—1,075 bags corn, 47 bbls 66 sks flour, 465 sks wheat. The *Democrat* thus reports the market:

WHEAT—Deliveries were light again to-day, but the market was not materially affected thereby. We quote sales at about yesterday's prices, 1,612 sks club at $1,12½@1,13; 2,452 sks do at $1,13½@1,14; 4,798 sks choice club at $1,15; small lot spring at $1,10; 961 sks poor fall at $1,22@1,20; 855 sks fair and good do at $1,25; and 859 sks prime and choice red at $1,28@1,30.

CORN—Demand remains good, and receipts being rather light, prices consequently remained full. We make, of course, the usual allowance for the mixed. We always prevailing on Saturday sale of 2,950 sacks poor and good mixed at 52@56c; 444 sks yellow at 58@59c; 1,875 sks prime yellow at 58@59c; 295 sks mixed white at 57@58c, part delivered; 3,592 sks do at 58@59c; 291 sks do at 58c, delivered; 2,200 sks do on p. t.; 1,266 sks white at 61@65c, and 900 sks do at 67½c.

OATS—An advance in freights made prices a shade lower, sales consisted of 500 sks changed at a rate; 245 sks fair at 42c, and over 3,500 sks prime at 45@46c.

FLOUR—There was a better feeling, and millers expressed confidence that higher prices will be had; $5.50 offered for 1,000 bbls superfine, was refused. A lot of 500 do sold at $5,60 delivered; sales of 100 bags of superfine at $2,50; 1,100 bags do (Mt. Vernon,) in lots, at $2,50; 200 bbls Mt. Vernon at $5,75, and 100 bbls city superfine on p. t.

BARLEY—A lot of spring sold at 65c, sks returned.

RYE—Unchanged at 52@55c, inclusive of sks.

WHISKEY—Steady at 18c, bankable funds, with sales of 300 bbls.

HIDES—Supplies small and market firm for dry flint at 10½@10½c.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.—Review for the week ending May 10th.

FLOUR—With large receipts and less demand, prices have declined 10@20c ₰ bbl, since our last. Early in the week a few thousand bbls good superfine were taken on speculation, at $5,65. Subsequently, transactions to the extent of 5,000 bbls were made at $5,60. To-day the market is inactive, with sellers at $5,55. For delivery during the next ten days some 3,000 bbls have been sold at $5,60, which rate is not procurable. For July the asking price is $5,70 to secure, and $5,75 asked.—Hency and extra nominal at our quotations.

WHEAT—Sales of about 12,000 bus U. C. Spring have been made at $1,37½, which rate is hardly procurable to-day. Chicago Spring and Milwaukee club held firmly at $1,27½@ 00 ₰.

CORN—No sales. Held at 75c @ 76 lbs. Buyers at 70c.

BARLEY—Small transactions at 75c @ 80 lbs.

OATS—Sales of upwards of 12,000 bus at from 43 to 45c @ 34 lbs.

RYE—None.

PITTSBURGH MARKET, MAY 12TH.—FLOUR—Holders were not so firm in their views as they were formerly, whilst buyers took hold sparingly. We note the sales at prices annexed:—Superfine $4,00, extra $5 58@5,05; family $6.10@6,50; fancy $6,90@7,10.

HAY—Sales 10 loads at the scales at $14,00@15; 55 bales on wharf at $17.

OATS—Sales 400 bus at 44@45c; 300 do at 46c.

CORN—Sales 600 bus at 60c; 275 do at 59@61c.

APPLES—Sales 70 bbls at $4.

BACON—Sales 8,000 lbs shoulders at 7¾@8c; sides 9¾@9¾; hams 10¾@10¾; 25 tres sugar cured hams at 12¼@12¾c.

WHISKEY—Sales 40 bbls common at 20@20c; 10 obls rye at $1,00.

ALBANY GRAIN MARKET, MAY 14TH.—(From the *Journal*.) In Wheat there is but little doing, and we have only to note a sale of 2,000 bus choice white Michigan in bbls on p. t. For Corn the market is better supplied and prices are lower, with only a moderate inquiry.—Sales 10,000 bus at 70c for Western mixed afloat; 71c for car lots at the Central depot; and 72c for round yellow. Rye quiet. Barley is neglected, and we hear of no sales worthy of report. Oats lower, with only a moderate shipping demand. Sales 7,000 bus State at 41½c, weight.

CROPS IN WESTERN NEW YORK.—The Rochester *Advertiser* says:

From a run through several towns of Monroe and Livingston counties, in the last two or three days, we are enabled to give very encouraging accounts of the growing crops in this fertile and highly favored region. Wheat is looking finely. On the heavier soils it is somewhat, though not very badly, spotted by the winter, but what remains is uniformly has an exceedingly healthy appearance, and it is very forward for the season. On the sandy and gravelly soils of Caledonia and a portion of New York, the crop never looked more promising. The Wheat fly has in none of these sections, and the plant covers the ground most beautifully. Unless some unforeseen and a together unexpected calamity—such as excessive drouth or excessive rain—shall supervene, the Wheat crop of Western New York will be large in proportion, of course, to the breath of land sown. The general appearance of the country now is enough to gladden the heart and call forth the gratitude from of those who have no direct interest in its products.

As to fruit, the prospect is equally good. The peach trees are thickly covered with blossoms; we never knew them to look better, and we anticipate such a peach crop as we have not had in many years. Apples, cherries, and all the minor fruits promise well. The earth was getting so dry as to give rise to apprehension and uneasiness. But the genial and comparatively abundant showers of the last twenty-four hours have dispelled our fears, and admonished us yet again never to distrust that overruling Providence who has assured us of ever-recurring seed time and harvest, and who sends the rain in due season.

MOVEMENTS OF PRODUCE AT MONTREAL.—Below is a comparative statement of the receipts and exports of produce at Montreal to May 10th, for four years:

Receipts of Produce.

	Up to May 10, 1860.	Up to May 5, 1859.	Up to May 8, 1858.	Up to May 9, 1857.
Ashes, bbls	5346	6585	5057	5059
Flour, bbls	109277	80059	157406	66389
Wheat, bus	160750	98276	85500	47855
Indian Corn, do	10469	39679	10575	250
Pork, bbls	4723	3456	5355	2693
Barley, bus	10454	6515	2868	294
Peas, bus	69387	631	7618	1261
Butter, kegs	7800	2764	2938	1444
Lard, kegs	1545	575	2880	447
Beef, bbls	170	173	294	21
Oatmeal, bbls	620	945	266	529
Oats, bus	4840	17102	8376	

Exports of Produce by Sea.

	Up to May 10, 1860.	Up to May 5, 1859.	Up to May 8, 1858.	Up to May 9, 1857.
Ashes, bbls	4518	1817	3674	2233
Flour, bbls	7923	3114	28182	25502
Wheat, bus	6984		15637	3702
Indian Corn, do				426
Pork, bbls	276	81	60	
Peas, bus	101154	7194	27005	9356
Butter, kegs	1235	403	790	980
Lard, kegs	4127	6	11	
Beef, bbls	492	25		
Oatmeal, bbls	2294	20	636	75
Oats, bus	24580			

WHERE THE CUBAN SUGAR CROP GOES.—The following are the exports of clayed sugar, from the ports of Havana and Mantanzas, from January 1st to April 30th, in 1860 and 1859:

Destination.	1860 hhds.	1860 bxs.	1859 hhds.	1859 bxs.
New York	24502	16163	48488	12950
Boston and Portland	18885	1806	10111	1593
Philadelphia	2637	4826	1050	1795
Baltimore	1546	1145	3038	1135
New Orleans	5441	1780	5254	15
Other Ports	166	221	458	
Total to United States	57072	26147	78854	16954
Great Britain for orders	136267	960	91255	1400
Cork and Queenstown	2953	....	250	510
Greenock and Glasgow	686	1693	....	150
Liverpool	1111	....	225	629
London	5810	489	4604	629
Total to Great Britain	145492	3157	96109	3493
Russia	4518	....	....	....
Sweden and Denmark	5478	....	6606	....
Hamburg and Bremen	4184	....	4107	....
Holland	1951	....	2229	....
Belgium	3880	....	4281	....
Total to North Europe	15012	....	26817	....
Havre, Dieppe, &c	9895	....	18735	....
Nantes and Bordeaux	9593	100	12383	....
Marseilles	15679	....	12482	....
Total to France	35873	100	40700	....
Spain	74245	....	100572	....
Leghorn and Genoa	9919	....	3323	....
Total to South. Europe	77164	....	110195	....
British Provinces, N. A.		57	91	131
Mexico and S. America	9263	....	10255	....
Total to other ports	9263	57	10429	131
Grand Total	382952	29704	361611	20578

MILWAUKEE DAILY MARKET REVIEW.

WEDNESDAY, May 16—7 P. M.

FLOUR—Receipts 994 bbls. Sales 105 bbls "Niagara" Extra at $5,50 delivered; 50 bbls "Sack City" do at $5,37½; 110 bbls "Empire" do (Watertown) at $5; 500 bbls "Golden Gate" do f. o. b. at $4,87½—all sold early.

WHEAT—Receipts 16,102 bus. Market closes 1c lower for shipping grades. Sales 350 bus No. 2 on track at $1,06; 1,500 bus do (later) f. o. b. at $1,07; 4,000 bus No. 1 in store and on track at $1,07; 700 bus do do at $1,07½; 1,150 bus do delivered at $1,05; 200 bus do do at $1,06; 15,000 bus do, 5,000 bus do f. o. b. at $1,07; 6500 bus do f. o. b. at $1,09½ (early); 1,500 bus do (later) f. o. b. at $1,08; 750 bus, by sample, at $1,10 delivered; 700 bus Club delivered at $1,11; 200 bus do at $1,12; 1,993 bus Extra delivered at $1,12; 350 bus do at $1,13.

OATS—Receipts 724 bus. 82@33c delivered. No sales reported.

CORN—Receipts 257 bus. Shelled 50c.

BARLEY—Very dull at 60@65c for No. 1 to Extra.

RYE—Nominal at 77@80c.

GRASS SEED—Timothy in request at $3,25@3,50.

BUTTER—Dull at 7@10c for common to best.

HIDES—Green 6½@7c; green salted 7@7½c; dry salted 12@13c; dry flint 14@15c.

SPIRITS—Highwines 19½@20c Whiskey 16@17c.

POTATOES—Sales 100 bus good Minnesota at 32c. Choice white neshannocks for seed are worth 40c.

RAILROAD RECEIPTS—May 16th.

RECEIVED BY MIL. & MINN. R. R.—856 bbls flour, 7,262 bus wheat, 202 bus potatoes, 305 bus oats, 10 bbls eggs, 38,537 lbs sundries, 23 hides, 3,202 lbs rags, 95 bus corn.

RECEIVED BY MIL. & HOR. R. R.—116 bbls flour, 500 bus wheat, 35 hides, 1 bbl tallow, 280 lbs rags.

RECEIVED BY MIL. & MISS. R. R.—222 bbls flour, 6,061 bus wheat, 161 do corn, 84 bus potatoes, 2,036 lbs sundries, 221 lbs butter, 15 hides, 7 bbls eggs.

RECEIVED BY MIL. WAT. & B. V. R. R.—9 bbls eggs, 1,204 bus wheat, 50 hides, 856 bus oats 82 bus barley, 7,502 sundries, 388 lbs butter, 5 head cattle.

RECEIVED BY MIL. & CHICAGO R. R.—892 bus wheat, 32,440 lbs sundries.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, May 16—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Exhibits no striking change; demand for eastern and local trade moderate and prices unchanged. Sales 10,000 bbls at 5,20 for super state; 5,25@5,35 for extra state; 5,20 for super western; 5,20@5,30 for common to medium extra western; 6,00@6,10 for shipping brands of extra round hoop Ohio; market closing with pretty good export inquiry for extra State at about the inside quotations; included in sales to-day were 7,000 bbls for export at prices within the range. Canadian flour less active but prices are without material change; sales 900 bbls at 5,20@5,40 for common to choice extra. Rye flour steady with small sales at $5,30@5,90 for common to choice superfine. Corn meal quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—Quiet and without striking change; sales 11,000 bush very handsome Milkee club called under Iowa, part on board at 1,30 and the remainder on the track, supposed at same price; also 28,000 bush prime Illinois at 1,27@1,28 delivered; 500 bushels choice white Mich. at 1,05; 400 bush red Mich. at 1,40.

RYE—Scarce and firmer; sales 1,200 bush at 87.

BARLEY—Quiet and unchanged.

CORN—In good request for export and the East and about 1c decline; sales 1,125 bush at 70@73 for safe to strictly prime mixed western; 68 for heads; 75 for western yellow; 76@77 for Jersey and southern yellow.

OATS—Dull and heavy; 41@41½c for western and Canadian; 42 for State; 3,000 bush Prince Edwards Island at 41.

PORK—Steady; sales 7,700 bush at 80.

BEEF—Opened dull and heavy and closed more active and firmer for mess; sales 2,225 bbls at 18 for new mess; 17,50 for old mess; 16 25 for butts; 17,50 for new prime; 15,50 for old; including 3,000 bbls new mess payable and deliverable in five days at 18.

BEEF—Quiet and unchanged; sales 375 bbls at 4@4,50 for country mess; 5@5,50 repacked mess; 11,50@12,50 for extra mess. Prime Mess Beef quiet and unchanged. Beef hams dull at 12@13 for State and 10@11 for western.

CUT MEATS—Quiet and unchanged; small sales at 7½ for shoulders; 9@9½ for hams;

BACON